WORKSHOP MANUAL

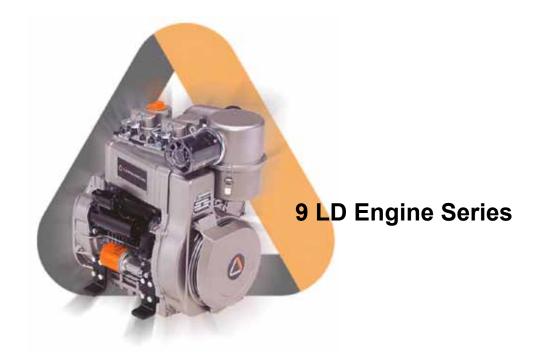
9 LD Engine Series

cod. ED0053022860









PREFACE

- Every attempt has been made to present within this service manual, accurate and up to date technical information.
 - However, development on the **LOMBARDINI** series is continuous.
 - Therefore, the information within this manual is subject to change without notice and without obligation.
- The information contained within this service manual is the sole property of LOMBARDINI.
 As such, no reproduction or replication in whole or part is allowed without the express written permission of LOMBARDINI.

Information presented within this manual assumes the following:

- 1 The person or people performing service work on **LOMBARDINI** series engines is properly trained and equipped to safely and professionally perform the subject operation;
- 2 The person or people performing service work on **LOMBARDINI** series engines possesses adequate hand and **LOMBARDINI** special tools to safely and professionally perform the subject service operation;
- 3 The person or people performing service work on **LOMBARDINI** series engines has read the pertinent information regarding the subject service operations and fully understands the operation at hand.
- This manual was written by the manufacturer to provide technical and operating information to authorised **LOM-BARDINI** after-sales service centres to carry out assembly, disassembly, overhauling, replacement and tuning operations.
- As well as employing good operating techniques and observing the right timing for operations, operators must read the information very carefully and comply with it scrupulously.
- Time spent reading this information will help to prevent health and safety risks and financial damage. Written information is accompanied by illustrations in order to facilitate your understanding of every step of the operating phases.





REGISTRATION OF MODIFICATIONS TO THE DOCUMENT

Any modifications to this document must be registered by the drafting body, by completing the following table.

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This manual contains pertinent information regarding the repair of LOMBARDINI air-cooled, direct injection Diesel engines type 9 LD 625-2 - 625-2 EPA - 626-2 - 626-2 NR.

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WARRANTY CERTIFICATE

- The products manufactured by Lombardini Srl are warranted to be free from conformity defects for a period of 24 months from the date of delivery to the first end user.
- For engines fitted to stationary equipment, working at constant load and at constant and/or slightly variable speed within the setting limits, the warranty covers a period up to a limit of 2000 working hours, if the above mentioned period (24 months) is not expired.
- If no hour-meter is fitted, 12 working hours per calendar day will be considered.
- For what concerns the parts subject to wear and deterioration (injection/feeding system, electrical system, cooling system, sealing parts, non-metallic pipes, belts) warranty covers a maximum limit of 2000 working hours, if the above mentioned period (24 months) is not expired.
- For correct maintenance and replacement of these parts, it is necessary to follow the instructions reported in the documentation supplied with each engine.
- To ensure the engine warranty is valid, the engine installation, considering the product technical features, must be carried out by qualified personnel only.
- The list of the Lombardini authorized dealers is reported in the "Service" booklet, supplied with each engine.
- Special applications involving considerable modifications to the cooling/lubricating system (for ex.: dry oil sump), filtering system, turbo-charged models, will require special written warranty agreements.
- Within the above stated periods Lombardini Srl directly or through its authorized network will repair and/or replace free of charge any own part or component that, upon examination by Lombardini or by an authorized Lombardini agent, is found to be defective in conformity, workmanship or materials.
- Any other responsibility/obligation for different expenses, damages and direct/indirect losses deriving from the engine use or from both the total or partial impossibility of use, is excluded.
- The repair or replacement of any component will not extend or renew the warranty period.

Lombardini warranty obligations here above described will be cancelled if:

- Lombardini engines are not correctly installed and as a consequence the correct functional parameters are not respected and altered.
- Lombardini engines are not used according to the instructions reported in the "Use and Maintenance" booklet supplied with each engine.
- Any seal affixed to the engine by Lombardini has been tampered with or removed.
- Spare parts used are not original Lombardini.
- Feeding and injection systems are damaged by unauthorized or poor quality fuel types.
- Electrical system failure is due to components, connected to this system, which are not supplied or installed by Lombardini.
- Engines have been disassembled, repaired or altered by any part other than an authorized Lombardini agent.
- Following expiration of the above stated warranty periods and working hours, Lombardini will have no further responsibility for warranty and will consider its here above mentioned obligations for warranty complete.
- Any warranty request related to a non-conformity of the product must be addressed to the Lombardini Srl service agents.

GENERAL SERVICE MANUAL NOTES

- 1 Use only genuine Lombardini repair parts.
 Failure to use genuine Lombardini parts could result in sub-standard performance and low longevity.
- 2 All data presented are in metric format. That is, dimensions are presented in millimeters (mm), torque is presented in Newton-meters (Nm), weight is presented in kilograms (Kg), volume is presented in liters or cubic centimeters (cc) and pressure is presented in barometric units (bar).

GLOSSARY AND TERMINOLOGY

For clarity, here are the definitions of a number of terms used recurrently in the manual.

- Cylinder number one: is the timing belt side piston .
- Rotation direction: anticlockwise «viewed from the flywheel side of the engine».

Regulations for lifting the engine

- Before removing the engine from the vehicle on which it is installed, disconnect the power supply, detach the fuel and coolant supply, and all connections including the mechanical ones.
- Attach the engine to a suitable lifting device (lifting beam).



- To move the engine simultaneously use the eyebolts installed, these lifting points are not suitable for the entire machine, then use the eyebolts installed by the manufacturer.
- Before lifting, make sure the weight is correctly balanced by checking its barycentre.
- Close all engine openings accurately (exhaust, intake, etc.), then wash the outside and dry with a jet of compressed air.

General remarks and safety information



This manual contains safety precautions which are explained



WARNING

Warning is used to indicate the presence of a hazard that can cause severe personal injury, death, or substantial property damage if the warning is ignored.



CAUTION

Caution is used to indicate the presence of a hazard that will or can cause minor personal injury or property damage if the caution is ignored.



MPORTANT

This indicates particularly important technical information that should not be ignored.

Safety regulation

GENERAL NOTES

- Lombardini engines are built to provide safe and longlasting performances, but in order to obtain these results it is essential that the maintenance requirements described in the manual are observed along with the following safety recommendations.
- The engine has been built to the specifications of a machine manufacturer, and it is his responsibility to ensure that all necessary action is taken to meet the essential and legally prescribed health and safety requirements. Any use of the machine other than that described cannot be considered as complying with its intended purpose as specified by Lombardini, which therefore declines all responsibility for accidents caused by such operations.
- The following instructions are intended for the user of the machine in order to reduce or eliminate risks, especially those concerning the operation and standard maintenance
- . The user should read these instructions carefully and get to know the operations described. By not doing so he may place at risk his own health and safety and that of anyone else in the vicinity of the machine.
- . The engine may be used or mounted on a machine only by personnel suitably trained in its operation and aware of the dangers involved. This is particularly true for standard and, above all, special maintenance work. For special maintenance contact personnel trained specifically by Lombardini. This work should be carried out in accordance with existing literature.
- Lombardini declines all responsibility for accidents or for failure to comply with the requirements of law if changes are made to the engine's functional parameters or to the fuel flow rate adjustments and speed of rotation, if seals are removed, or if parts not described in the operating and maintenance manual are removed and reassembled by unauthorized personnel.



WARNING

- In addition to all other machine specifications, ensure that the engine is in a near horizontal position when starting. If starting manually, ensure that the necessary operations can be performed without any risk of striking against walls or dangerous objects. Rope starting (except for recoil rope starting) is not permitted even in emergencies.
- . Check that the machine is stable so that there is no risk of it overturning.
- . Get to know the engine speed adjustment and machine stop
- . Do not start the machine in closed or poorly ventilated

- environments. The internal combustion process generates carbon monoxide, an odourless and highly toxic gas, so spending too long a time in an environment where the engine discharges its exhaust products freely can lead to loss of consciousness and even death.
- The engine may not be used in environments containing flammable materials, explosive atmospheres or easily combustible powders, unless adequate and specific precautions have been taken and are clearly stated and certified for the machine.
- To prevent the risk of fire, keep the machine at a distance of at least one metre from buildings or other machines.
- Children and animals must be kept at a sufficient distance from the machine to prevent any danger resulting from its operation.
- Fuel is flammable, so the tank must be filled only when the engine is turned off. Dry carefully any fuel that may have spilled, remove the fuel container and any cloths soaked in fuel or oil, check that any sound-absorbing panels made of porous material are not soaked with fuel or oil, and make sure that the ground on which the machine is located has not absorbed fuel or oil.
- Before starting, remove any tools that have been used for carrying out maintenance work to the engine and/or the machine and check that any guards removed have been replaced. In cold climates it is possible to mix kerosene with the diesel fuel to make the engine easier to start. The liquids must be mixed in the tank by pouring in first the kerosene and then the diesel fuel. Consult Lombardini technical office for mixture proportions. Petrol may not be used because of the risk of it forming flammable vapours.
- During operation the surface of the engine reaches temperatures that may be dangerous. Avoid in particular all contact with the exhaust system.
- The liquid cooling circuit is under pressure. Do not carry out any checks before the engine has cooled down, and even then open the radiator cap or the expansion tank cautiously. Wear protective clothing and glasses. If there is an electric fan, do not approach the engine while it is still hot as the fan may come on even when the engine is not running. Clean the cooling system with the engine turned off.
- While cleaning the oil bath air filter, check that the oil is disposed of in such a way as not to harm the environment. Any filtering sponges in the oil bath air filter should not be soaked with oil. The cyclone pre-filter cup must not be filled with oil.
- Since the oil must be emptied out while the engine is still hot (approx. 80°C), particular care should be taken in order to avoid burns. In any case make sure that oil does not come into contact with your skin because of the health hazards involved.
- Fuel vapours are highly toxic, so fill up only in the open air or in well ventilated environments.



- During operations which involve access to moving parts of the engine and/or removal of the rotary guards, disconnect and insulate the positive cable of the battery so as to . Do not smoke or use naked flames while filling. prevent accidental short circuits and activation of the starter . Take care when removing the oil filter as it may be hot.
- Check the belt tension only when the engine is turned off.

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IMPORTANT

- To start the engine follow the specific instructions provided in the engine and/or machine operating manual. Do not use auxiliary starting devices not originally installed on the machine (e.g. Startpilot systems which utilise ether etc.)
- Before carrying out any work on the engine, turn it off and allow it to cool down. Do not perform any operation while the engine is running.
- Check that the discharged oil, the oil filter and the oil contained in the oil filter are disposed of in such a way as not to harm the environment.
- . Close the fuel tank filler cap carefully after each filling

- operation. Do not fill the tank right up to the top, but leave sufficient space to allow for any expansion of the fuel.

- The operations of checking, filling up and replacing the cooling liquid must be carried out with the engine turned off and cold. Take particular care if liquids containing nitrites are mixed with others not containing these compounds as this may give rise to the formation of nitrosamines which are a health hazard. The cooling liquid is polluting, so dispose of in a manner that does not damage the environment.
- In order to move the engine simultaneously use the eyebolts fitted for this purpose by Lombardini. These lifting points are however not suitable for the entire machine, so in this case use the eyebolts fitted by the manufacturer.

California Proposition 65 WARNING

Engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm

GENERAL SAFETY DURING OPERATING PHASES

- The procedures contained in this manual have been tested and selected by the manufacturer's technical experts, and hence are to be recognised as authorised operating methods.
- A number of procedures must be carried out with the aid of equipment and tools that simplify and improve the timing of operations.
- All tools must be in good working condition so that engine components are not damaged and that operations are carried out properly and safely.
 - It is important to wear the personal safety devices prescribed by work safety laws and also by the standards of this manual.
- Holes must be lined up methodically and with the aid of suitable equipment. Do not use your fingers to carry out this operation to avoid the risk of amputation.
- Some phases may require the assistance of more than one operator. If so, it is important to inform and train them regarding the type of activity they will be performing in order to prevent risks to the health and safety of all persons involved.
- Do not use flammable liquids (petrol, diesel, etc.) to degrease or wash components. Use special products.
- Use the oils and greases recommended by the manufacturer.
 - Do not mix different brands or combine oils with different characteristics.
- Discontinue use of the engine if any irregularities arise, particularly in the case of unusual vibrations.
- Do not tamper with any devices to alter the level of performance guaranteed by the manufacturer.

SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

Every organisation has a duty to implement procedures to identify, assess and monitor the influence of its own activities (products, services, etc.) on the environment.

Procedures for identifying the extent of the impact on the environment must consider the following factors:

- Liquid waste

- Atmospheric emissions

Waste management

- Use of raw materials and natural resources

- Soil contamination

- Regulations and directives regarding environmental impact

In order to minimise the impact on the environment, the manufacturer now provides a number of indications to be followed by all persons handling the engine, for any reason, during its expected lifetime.

- All packaging components must be disposed of in accordance with the laws of the country in which disposal is taking place.
- Keep the fuel and engine control systems and the exhaust pipes in efficient working order to limit environmental and noise pollution.
- When discontinuing use of the engine, select all components according to their chemical characteristics and dispose of them separately.

TECHNICAL INFORMATION



TROUBLE SHOOTING

THE ENGINE MUST BE STOPPED IMMEDIATELY WHEN:

- 1) The engine rpms suddenly increase and decrease;
- 2) A sudden and unusual noise is heard;
- 3) The colour of the exhaust fumes suddenly darkens;
- 4) The oil pressure indicator light turns on while running.

TABLE OF LIKELY ANOMALIES AND THEIR SYMPTOMS

The following table contains the possible causes of some failures which may occur during operation. Always perform these simple checks before removing or replacing any part.

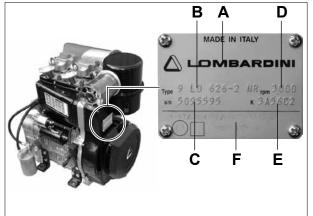
| | | | PROBLEM | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|---|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| | POSSIBLE CAUSE | Engine does not start | Engine starts but stops | No acceleration | Non-uniform speed | Black smoke | White smoke | Oil preassure too low | Overheats | Inadequate per- formance | Excessive oil consumption | High noise level |
| | Obstructed fuel line | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Fuel filter clogged | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FUEL | Air or water leaks in fuel system | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FUEL | The tank cap vent hole is clogged | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | No fuel | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Faulty fuel feeding pump | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Extra fuel control level sticking | | | | | | | | | | | |
| COOLING | Clogged air filter | | | | | | | | | | | |
| COO | Cooling circuit clogged | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Incorrect governor linkage adjustment | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Governor spring broken or unhooked | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Low idle speed | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Rings worn or sticking | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Worn cylinder | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RS | Worn main con rod-rocker arm bearings | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EPA | Badly sealed intake valve | | | | | | | | | | | |
| INGS REPAIRS | Head tightening nuts loose | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ž | Damaged cylinder head gasket | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SETTI | Excessive valve-rocker arm clearance | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | No clearance between valves and rocker arms | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Valves sticking or damaged | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Defective timing system | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Bent rods | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Crankshaft not turning freely | | | | | | | | | | | |



| | | PROBLEM | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------------|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| | POSSIBLE CAUSE | Engine does not start | Engine starts but stops | No acceleration | Non-uniform speed | Black smoke | White smoke | Too low oil pressure | Overheats | Inadequate performance | Excessive oil consumption | High noise level |
| | Damaged, blocked or dirty injector | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Injection pump valve damaged | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Injector not adjusted | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NO NO | Hardened pump control rod | | | | | | | | | | | |
| INJECTION | Broken or loose supplementary start-up spring | | | | | | | | | | | |
| _ | Worn or damaged pumping element | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Incorrecttuningofinjection components (delivery balancing advance) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Extra fuel control level sticking | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Oil level too high | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Oil level low | | | | | | | | | | | |
| z | Oil pressure valve blocked or dirty | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LUBRICATION CIRCUIT | Oil pressure regulator not adjusted | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BRICATIC | Worm oil pump | | | | | | | | | | | |
|]] | Oil sump suction line clogged | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Faulty pressure gauge or pressure switch | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Blocked draining pipe | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Discharged battery | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ELECTRIC SYSTEM | Cable connection uncertain or incorrect | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LEC SYS | Faulty starting switch | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ш | Faulty starting motor | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CE | Excessive idle operation | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NAN: | Incomplete run-in | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MAINTENANCE | Overloaded engine | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MA | Non-conforming engine oil | | | | | | | | | | | |



MANUFACTURER AND ENGINE IDENTIFICATION



The identification plate shown in the figure can be found directly on the engine.

It contains the following information:

- A) Manufacturer's identity
- B) Engine type
- C) Engine serial number
- D) Maximum operating speed
- E) Number of the customer version (form K)
- F) Approval data

Approval data

The approval reference directives EC are on the engine identification plate.



PART CALIFORNIA TION TO THE ENGINE COMPLETE OF THE PROPERTY OF

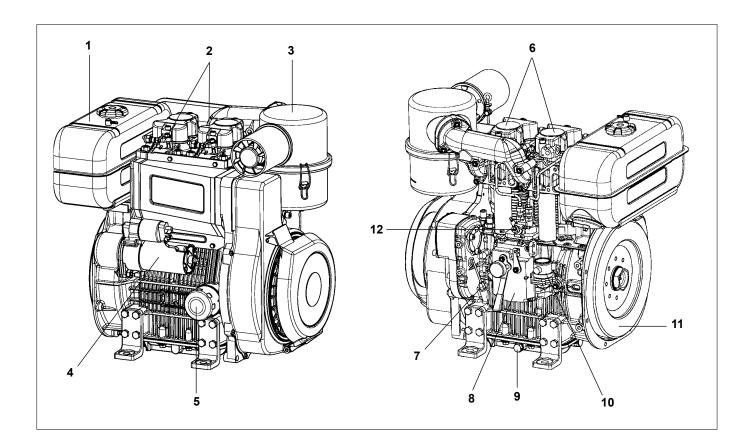
The data plate for EPA Standards is applied on the air intake cowling. It contains the following information:

- 1) Current year
- 2) Engine displacement
- 3) Rated power, measured in kW
- 4) EPA family ID
- 5) Injection timing
- 6) Injection opening preassure
- 7) Valve clearance

2



MAIN COMPONENTS



Components:

- 1) Fuel tank
- 2) Injectors
- 3) Air cleaner
- 4) Starting motor
- 5) Oil filter
- 6) Rocker arm cover

- 7) Oil dipstick8) Throttle and stop controls
- 9) Oil drain plug
- 10) Fuel feeding pump
- 11) Flywheel
- 12) Injection pump



TECHINICAL SPECIFICATIONS

| | | | 9 L | 9 LD engine type | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------|--|--|
| | | | 625-2 | 625/626-2 NR CE | 625-2 EPA | | |
| | GENERAL D | DETAILS | | | | | |
| Operating cycle | | Four-s | stroke diese | el | | | |
| Cylinders | | n° | | 2 in line | | | |
| Bore x stroke | | mm | 95x88 | 95x88 | 95x88 | | |
| Displacements | | cm ³ | 1248 | 1248 | 1248 | | |
| Compression rate | | | 17.5:1 | 20.0:1 | 21.0:1 | | |
| Intake | | Oil bath air cleaner with c | yclonic prefi | Iter or dry a | ir cleaner | | |
| Cooling | | Air (fan integ | gral to the fly | ywheel) | | | |
| Crankshaft rotation | | Counter-clockwi | se (from fly | wheel side) | | | |
| Combustion sequence | | Driving shaft degrees | | 180° | | | |
| Timing system | | Rods and rocker arms | | | | | |
| Valves | n° 2 per cylinder | | | | | | |
| Shaft | Side camshaft in the crankcase | | | | | | |
| Tappets | | N | lechanic | | | | |
| Fuel injection | | | Direct | | | | |
| Dry weight of engine | | Kg | 110 | 110 | 110 | | |
| Maximum tilt while operating | | Momentary | 35° | 35° | 35° | | |
| Maximum tilt while operating | | Up to 1 hour | 25° | 25° | 25° | | |
| Combustion air volume at 3000 r.p | .m. | l/min | 1600 | 1600 | 1600 | | |
| Cooling air volume at 3000 r.p.m. | | l/min | 26300 | 26300 | 26300 | | |
| | POWER AND | | | | | | |
| Maximum operating speed | | r.p.m. | 3000 | 3000 | 3000 | | |
| | N (80/1269/CEE) ISO 1585 | | 20.7/28 | - | - | | |
| Maximum power | NB ISO 3046 IFN | kW/CV | 18.8/25.5 | 18.8/25.5 | 18.8/25.5 | | |
| | NA ISO 3046 ICXN | | 16.9/23 | 16.9/23 16.9/23 | | | |
| Maximum torque* | torque* Nm/Kgm 73./7.4 67/6.8 68 | | | | | | |
| Axial load allowed on crankshaft | | Kg | 300 | 300 | 300 | | |
| | CONSUMPTION AT M | IAXIMUM POWER | | · | | | |
| Specific fuel onsumption | | g/kWh - g/CV1h | 253-186 | 258-190 | 258-190 | | |
| Oil consumption | | Kg/h | 0.013 | 0.013 | 0.013 | | |

 $^{^{\}ast}$ 2200 rpm x 9LD 625-2; 2000rpm x 9LD625/626 -2 NR/CE and 1700rpm x 9LD 625-2 EPA



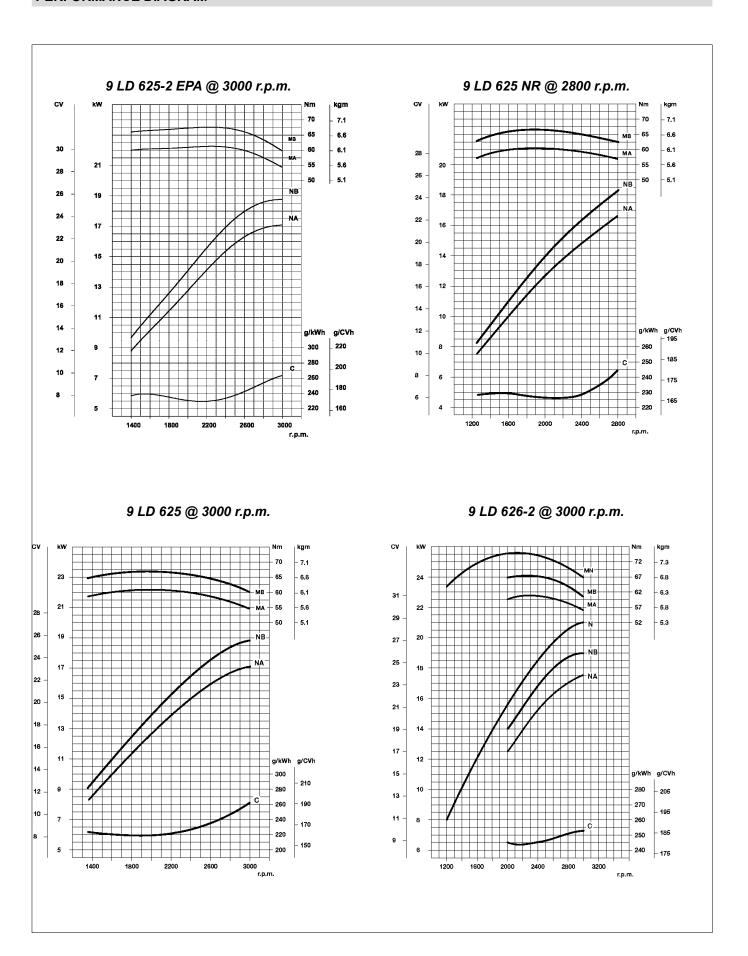
| 9 L | D engine ty | /pe |
|-------|--------------------|--------------|
| 625-2 | 625/626-2 NR CE | 625-2 EPA |

| FUEL SUPPLY CIRCUIT | | | 625-2 | NR CE | EPA |
|--|---|----------------------|----------------|--------------|---------|
| Fuel supply Mechanical fuel lift pump (diaphragm or pistons) Fuel filter, internal Fuel filter, internal Filter capacity µm 7 7 7 7 7 7 Fuel filter, external PF 904 PF 904 </td <td>FUEL SUF</td> <td>PLY CIRCUIT</td> <td></td> <td>'</td> <td></td> | FUEL SUF | PLY CIRCUIT | | ' | |
| Fuel supply Mechanical fuel lift pump (diaphaym or pistoms) Fuel filter, internal Filtering surface 460 | Fuel type | Automotive diese | l fuel (minimu | ım cetane: 5 | 51) |
| Full filter, internal Cm² 460 460 460 Filter capacity μm 7 2 2 2 2 2 2 </td <td></td> <td>Mechanical fuel lift</td> <td>pump (diaph</td> <td>ragm or pist</td> <td>ons)</td> | | Mechanical fuel lift | pump (diaph | ragm or pist | ons) |
| Filtering surface cm² 460 460 460 Filter capacity μm 7 7 7 Fuel filter, external Filtering cartridge PF 904 PF 904 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<> | | | | | |
| Filter capacity μm 7 7 Fuel filter, external PF 904 PE 24 PE 24 PE 24 PE 24 PE 28 PE 28 | Filtering surface | cm ² | 460 | 460 | 460 |
| Filtering cartridge | Filter capacity | μm | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| Filtering surface Cm² 5000 5000 5000 Filter capacity µm 2+3 2+3 2+3 2+3 Maximum operating pressure bar 4 4 4 Type of lubrication Completely forced | Fuel filter, external | | | | |
| Filter capacity | Filtering cartridge | | PF 904 | | PF 904 |
| Maximum operating pressure bar 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 | Filtering surface | cm ² | 5000 | 5000 | 5000 |
| Type of lubrication Completely forced | Filter capacity | μm | 2÷3 | 2÷3 | 2÷3 |
| Type of lubrication Complety forced Circuit supply Gear pump Maximum oil quantity including filter (I) 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.2 2.8 | Maximum operating pressure | bar | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Circuit supply Gear pump Maximum oil quantity including filter (I) 3.1 3.1 3.1 Maximum oil quantity excluding filter (I) 2.8 2.8 2.8 Oil pressure at min. speed (oil temperature: 120°C) bar 0.6 0.6 0.6 Oil pressure switch Unipolar system Operating pressure (min. value) bar 0.3 0.3 0.3 Oil filter cartridge, external Maximum operating pressure bar 13 13 13 Maximum combustion pressure bar 20 20 20 Filter capacity µm 15 15 15 By-pass valve setting bar 1.5÷1.7 1.5÷1.7 1.5÷1.7 1.5÷1.7 1.5÷1.7 745 745 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal voltage) V 12 12 12 Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal voltage) V 24 24 24 Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal current) * A 4 | LUBRICAT | TION CIRCUIT | | | |
| Maximum oil quantity including filter (I) 3.1 3.1 3.1 Maximum oil quantity excluding filter (I) 2.8 2.8 2.8 Oil pressure at min. speed (oil temperature: 120°C) bar 0.6 0.6 0.6 Oil pressure switch Unipolar system Unipolar system Operating pressure (min. value) bar 0.3 0.3 0.3 Oil filter cartridge, external Maximum operating pressure bar 13 13 13 Maximum combustion pressure bar 20 20 20 Filter capacity µm 15 15 15 By-pass valve setting bar 1.5÷1.7 1.5÷1.7 1.5÷1.7 1.5÷1.7 1.5÷1.7 745 745 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal voltage) V 12 12 12 Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal voltage) V 24 24 24 Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal current) * A 14 14 14 </td <td>Type of lubrication</td> <td>Com</td> <td>oletely forced</td> <td></td> <td></td> | Type of lubrication | Com | oletely forced | | |
| Maximum oil quantity excluding filter (I) 2.8 2.8 2.8 Oil pressure at min. speed (oil temperature: 120°C) bar 0.6 0.6 0.6 Oil pressure switch Unipolar system Operating pressure (min. value) bar 0.3 0.3 0.3 Oil filter cartridge, external Maximum operating pressure bar 13 13 13 Maximum combustion pressure bar 20 20 20 Filter capacity µm 15 15 15 By-pass valve setting bar 1.5÷1.7 1.5÷1.7 1.5÷1.7 Filtering surface ELECTRICAL SYSTEM Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal voltage) V 12 12 12 Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal voltage) V 24 24 24 Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal current) * A 14 14 14 Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal current) * A 6 6 6 Alternator, External Optional (nominal current) * | Circuit supply | | ear pump | | |
| Dil pressure at min. speed (oil temperature: 120°C) Dar | Maximum oil quantity | | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 |
| Oil pressure a min. speed (oil temperature: 120°C) Unipolar system Operating pressure (min. value) bar 0.3 0.3 0.3 Oil filter cartridge, external Bar 13 13 13 Maximum operating pressure bar 20 20 20 Filter capacity µm 15 15 15 By-pass valve setting bar 1.5+1.7 1.5+1.7 1.5+1.7 1.5+1.7 1.5+1.7 1.5+1.7 1.5+1.7 1.5+1.7 745 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal voltage) V 12 12 12 Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal voltage) V 24 24 24 Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal voltage) V 12 12 12 12 Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal current) * A 14 14 14 Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal current) * A 6 6 6 Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal current) * A 6 6 | Maximum oil quantity | 1 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 |
| Operating pressure (min. value) bar 0.3 0.3 0.3 Oil filter cartridge, external Maximum operating pressure bar 13 13 13 Maximum combustion pressure bar 20 20 20 Filter capacity μm 15 15 15 By-pass valve setting bar 1.5÷1.7 1.5÷1.7 1.5÷1.7 Filtering surface cm² 745 745 745 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal voltage) V 12 12 12 Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal voltage) V 24 24 24 Alternator, External Optional (nominal current) * A 14 14 14 Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal current) * A 6 6 6 Alternator, External Optional (nominal current) * A 33 33 33 Starter motor power (Bosh GF) kW 1.7 1.7 1.7 | Oil pressure at min. speed (oil temperature: 120°C) | bar | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Oil filter cartridge, external Maximum operating pressure bar 13 13 13 Maximum combustion pressure bar 20 20 20 Filter capacity μm 15 15 15 By-pass valve setting bar 1.5÷1.7 1.5÷1.7 1.5÷1.7 1.5÷1.7 745 < | Oil pressure switch | Unip | oolar system | | |
| Maximum operating pressure bar 13 13 13 Maximum combustion pressure bar 20 20 20 Filter capacity μm 15 15 15 By-pass valve setting bar 1.5÷1.7 1.5÷1.7 1.5÷1.7 1.5÷1.7 Filtering surface cm² 745 745 745 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal voltage) V 12 12 12 Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal voltage) V 24 24 24 Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal current) * A 14 14 14 Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal current) * A 6 6 6 Alternator, External Optional (nominal current) * A 33 33 33 Starter motor power (Bosh GF) kW 1.7 1.7 1.7 | Operating pressure (min. value) | bar | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| Maximum combustion pressure bar 20 20 Filter capacity μm 15 15 By-pass valve setting bar 1.5÷1.7 1.5÷1.7 Filtering surface cm² 745 745 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal voltage) V 12 12 12 Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal voltage) V 24 24 24 Alternator, External Optional (nominal voltage) V 12 12 12 Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal current) * A 14 14 14 Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal current) * A 6 6 6 Alternator, External Optional (nominal current) * A 33 33 33 Starter motor power (Bosh GF) kW 1.7 1.7 1.7 | Oil filter cartridge, external | | | | • |
| Filter capacity μm 15 15 By-pass valve setting bar 1.5÷1.7 1.5÷1.7 1.5÷1.7 Filtering surface cm² 745 745 745 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal voltage) V 12 12 12 Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal voltage) V 24 24 24 Alternator, External Optional (nominal current)* A 14 14 14 Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal current)* A 6 6 6 Alternator, External Optional (nominal current)* A 33 33 33 Starter motor power (Bosh GF) kW 1.7 1.7 1.7 | Maximum operating pressure | bar | 13 | 13 | 13 |
| By-pass valve setting bar cm² 745 745 745 Filtering surface cm² 745 745 745 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal voltage) V 12 12 12 12 Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal voltage) V 24 24 24 Alternator, External Optional (nominal voltage) V 12 12 12 12 Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal voltage) V 14 14 14 14 Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal current) * A 14 14 14 14 Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal current) * A 6 6 6 6 Alternator, External Optional (nominal current) * A 33 33 33 Starter motor power (Bosh GF) kW 1.7 1.7 1.7 | Maximum combustion pressure | bar | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| Filtering surface cm² 745 745 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal voltage) V 12 12 12 Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal voltage) V 24 24 24 Alternator, External Optional (nominal voltage) V 12 12 12 Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal current) * A 14 14 14 Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal current) * A 6 6 6 Alternator, External Optional (nominal current) * A 33 33 33 Starter motor power (Bosh GF) kW 1.7 1.7 1.7 | Filter capacity | μm | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| ELECTRICAL SYSTEM Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal voltage) V 12 12 12 Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal voltage) V 24 24 24 Alternator, External Optional (nominal voltage) V 12 12 12 Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal current) * A 14 14 14 Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal current) * A 6 6 6 Alternator, External Optional (nominal current) * A 33 33 Starter motor power (Bosh GF) kW 1.7 1.7 1.7 | By-pass valve setting | bar | 1.5÷1.7 | 1.5÷1.7 | 1.5÷1.7 |
| Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal voltage) Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal voltage) V 24 24 24 Alternator, External Optional (nominal voltage) V 12 12 12 Alternator, External Optional (nominal voltage) V 12 14 14 14 14 Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal current) * A A A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B B | Filtering surface | cm ² | 745 | 745 | 745 |
| Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal voltage) V 24 24 24 Alternator, External Optional (nominal voltage) V 12 12 12 Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal current) * Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal current) * Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal current) * Alternator, External Optional (nominal | ELECTRI | CAL SYSTEM | | | |
| Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal voltage) Alternator, External Optional (nominal voltage) V 12 12 12 Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal current) * Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal current) * Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal current) * Alternator, External Optional (nominal current) * | Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal voltage) | V | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| Alternator, External Optional (nominal voltage) Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal current) * Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal current) * Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal current) * Alternator, External Optional (nominal current) * Alternat | | V | 24 | 24 | 24 |
| Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal current) * Alternator, External Optional (nominal current) * A 33 33 33 Starter motor power (Bosh GF) kW 1.7 1.7 | | V | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| Alternator, External Optional (nominal current) * A 33 33 33 Starter motor power (Bosh GF) kW 1.7 1.7 1.7 | Alternator, Internal Standard (nominal current) * | A | 14 | 14 | 14 |
| Starter motor power (Bosh GF) kW 1.7 1.7 1.7 | Alternator, Internal Optional (nominal current) * | A | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| | Alternator, External Optional (nominal current) * | A | 33 | 33 | 33 |
| Starter motor power (Bosh DW (R)) kW 1.6 1.6 1.6 | Starter motor power (Bosh GF) | kW | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| | Starter motor power (Bosh DW (R)) | kW | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 |

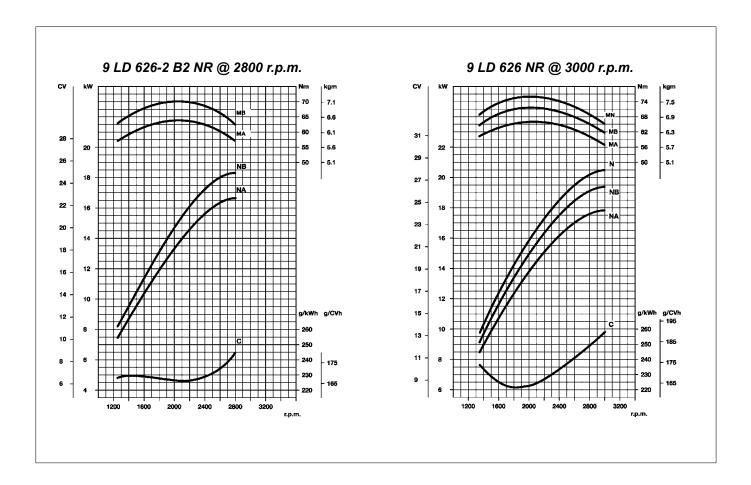
^{* (}see "Alternator battery charger curve" page 66 ÷ 69)



PERFORMANCE DIAGRAM







N (80/1269/CEE - ISO 1585): Automotive rating, intermittent operation with variable speed and variable load.

NB (ISO 3046/1 - IFN): Rating with no overload capability, continuous light duty operation with constant speed and variable load

NA (ISO 3046/1 - ICXN): Continuous rating with overload capability, continuous heavy duty with constant speed and constant load.

C (NB): Specific fuel consumption at NB power

Mn: Torque at N.

The above power values refer to an engine fitted with air cleaner and standard muffler, after testing and at the environmental conditions of 20°C and 1 bar. Max. power tolerance is 5%. Power decreases by approximately 1% every 100 m di altitude and by 2% every 5°C above 25°C.

Note: Consult LOMBARDINI for power, torque curves and specific consumptions at rates differing from those given above.



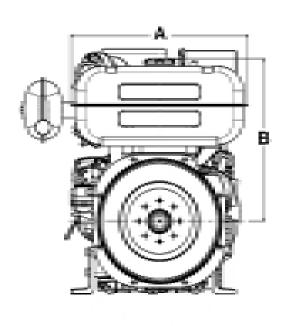
Non-approval by Lombardini for any modifications releases the company from any damages incurred by the engine.

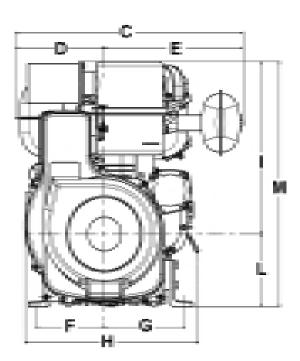


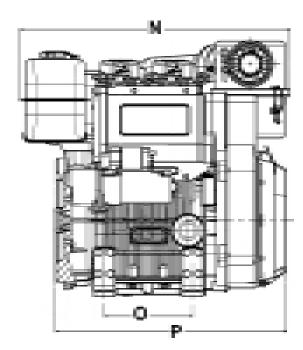
OVERALL DIMENSION

9 LD 561-2 9 LD561-2/L 9 LD 625-2

9 LD 626-2 9 LD 626-2 NR







| | DIMENSIONI mm - MESURES mm - DIMENSION mm - EINBAUMAßE mm - DIMENSIONE mm - DIMENOÇÕES (mm) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|-----|---|-----|---|-----|---|-----|---|-----|---|-----|
| A | 434 | С | 557 | E | 340 | G | 198 | ı | 421 | M | 599 | 0 | 207 |
| В | 397 | D | 217 | F | 168 | Н | 425 | L | 178 | N | 633 | Р | 542 |

| A KOHLER COMPANY | | | Technical information | 2 |
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3

MAINTENANCE - RECOMMENDED OIL TYPE - REFILLING



ROUTINE ENGINE MAINTENANCE

| | <u>/-</u> | \ | |
|---|-----------|----|---|
| Z | 1 | L١ | 7 |

Important

Failure to carry out the operations described in the table may lead to technical damage to the machine and/or system

EXTRAORDINARY MAINTENANCE

AFTER THE FIRST 50 WORKING HOURS

Engine oil replacement.

Oil filter replacement.

| | ORDINARY MAINTE | NANC | E | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|-------------------|------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|
| OPERATION DESCRIPTION | | FREQUENCY x HOURS | | | | | | | |
| | OF ERATION DESCRIPTION | | 10 | 125 | 250 | 500 | 1000 | 2500 | 5000 |
| | ENGINE OIL LEVEL | | | | | | | | |
| | OIL BATH AIR CLEANER | (***) | | | | | | | |
| | DRY AIR CLEANER | (***) | | | | | | | |
| | FUEL PIPES | | | | | | | | |
| | EXTERNAL ALTERNATOR BELT TENSION | (**) | | | | | | | |
| CHECK | COOLING SYSTEM CLEANING | (***) | | | | | | | |
| | VALVE-ROCKER ARMS CLEARANCE ADJUSTMENT | | | | | | | | |
| | SETTING AND INJECTORS CLEANING | | | | | | | | |
| | RUBBER INTAKE HOSE (DRY AIR CLEANER - INTAKE MANIFOLD) | | | | | | | | |
| | FUEL TANK CLEANING | | | | | | | | |
| | ALTERNATOR AND STARTING MOTOR | | | | | | | | |
| | ENGINE OIL | (*) | | | | | | | |
| | EXTERNAL OIL FILTER | (*) | | | | | | | |
| | FUEL FILTER | (*) | | | | | | | |
| | EXTERNAL ALTERNATOR BELT | | | | | | | | |
| REPLACEMENT | RUBBER INTAKE HOSE (DRY AIR CLEANER - INTAKE MANIFOLD) | (**) | | | | | | | |
| | FUEL PIPES | (**) | | | | | | | |
| | DRY AIR CLEANER EXTERNAL CARTRIDGE | (***) | AFTER 6 CHECKS WITH CLEANING | | G | | | | |
| | DRY AIR INTERNAL EXTERNAL CARTRIDGE | (***) | AFTER 3 CHECKS WITH CLEANING | | | G | | | |
| OVERHAUL | PARTIAL | | | | | | | | |
| OVERHAUL | TOTAL | | | | | | | | |

- (*) In case of low use: every year.
- (**) In case of low use: every 2 years
- (***) The period of time that must elapse before cleaning or replacing the filter element depends on the environment in which the engine operates. The air filter must be cleaned and replaced more frequently In very dusty conditions.



LUBRICANT

SAE Classification

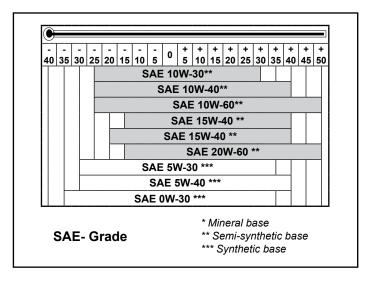
In the SAE classification, oils differ on the basis of their viscosity, and no other qualitative characteristic is taken into account.

The first number refers to the viscosity when the engine is cold (symbol W = winter), while the second considers viscosity with the engine at régime.

The criteria for choosing must consider, during winter, the lowest outside temperature to which the engine will be subject and the highest functioning temperature during summer

Single-degree oils are normally used when the running temperature varies scarcely.

Multi-degree oil is less sensitive to temperature changes.



International specifications

They define testing performances and procedures that the lubricants need to successfully respond to in several engine testing and laboratory analysis so as to be considered qualified and in conformity to the regulations set for each lubrication kind.

A.P.I : (American Petroleum Institute)

MIL : Engine oil U.S. military specifications released for logistic reasons

ACEA : European Automobile Manufacturers Association

Tables shown on this page are of useful reference when buying a kind of oil.

Codes are usually printed-out on the oil container and the understanding of their meaning is useful for comparing different brands and choosing the kind with the right characteristics.

Usually a specification showing a following letter or number is preferable to one with a preceding letter or number.

An SF oil, for instance, is more performing than a SE oil but less performing than a SG one.

ACEA REGULATIONS - SEQUENCES

| LIGHT | LIGHT DUTY DIESEL ENGINES | | | | |
|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| B1 = | Low-viscosity, for frictions reduction | | | | |
| B2 = | Standard | | | | |
| B3 = | High performances (indirect injection) | | | | |
| B4 = | High quality (direct injection) | | | | |

| HEA | HEAVY DUTY DIESEL ENGINES | | | | | | |
|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| E2 = | Standard | | | | | | |
| E3 = | Heavy conditions (Euro 1 - Euro 2 engines) | | | | | | |
| E4 = | Heavy conditions (Euro 1 - Euro 2 - Euro 3 engines) | | | | | | |
| E5 = | High performances in heavy conditions (Euro 1 - Euro 2 - Euro 3 engines) | | | | | | |

API / MIL SEQUENCES

| API | CH-4 | CG-4 | CF-4 | CF-2 | CF | CE | CD | СС |
|-----|------|------|----------------|------|----|----|----|----|
| | | | | | | | | |
| MIL | | | L- 46152 D / E | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |



PRESCRIBED LUBRICANT

AGIP SUPERDIESEL

MULTIGRADE specifications

10W40

API CF4 / SG

ACEA B2 - E2

MIL - L-4165 D/E

In the countries where AGIP products are not available, use oil API SJ/CF for Diesel engines or oil corresponding to the military specification MIL-L-4165 D/E.

For a temperature of -10°C an oil with a **5W40** viscosity is recommended.

For a temperature of -15°C an oil with a **0W30** viscosity is recommended.

| 9 LD ENGINES OIL CAPACITY | | | | | |
|--|--------|-----|--|--|--|
| OIL VOLUME AT MAX LEVEL (OIL FILTER INCLUDED) Litres 3.1 | | | | | |
| OIL VOLUME AT MAX LEVEL (WITHOUT OIL FILTER) | Litres | 2.8 | | | |



Danger - Attention

- The engine may be damaged if operated with insufficient lube oil.
- It is also dangerous to supply too much lube oil to the engine because a sudden increase in engine rpm could be caused by its combustion.
- Use proper lube oil preserve your engine.
 - Good quality or poor quality of the lubricating oil has an affect on engine performance and life.
- If inferior oil is used, or if your engine oil is not changed regularly, the risk of piston seizure, piston ring sticking, and accelerated wear of the cylinder liner, bearing and other moving components increases significantly.
- Always use oil with the right viscosity for the ambient temperature in which your engine is being operated.



Danger - Attention

- The used engine oil can cause skin-cancer if kept frequently in contact for prolonged periods.
- If contact with oil cannot be avoided, wash carefully your hands with water and soap as soon as possible.
- Do not disperse the oil in the ambient, as it has a high pollution power.



FUEL RECOMMENDATIONS

Purchase diesel fuel in small quantities and store in clean, approved containers. Clean fuel prevents the diesel fuel injectors and pumps from clogging. Do not overfill the fuel tank.

Leave room for the fuel to expand. Immediately clean up any spillage during refueling.

Never store diesel fuel in galvanized containers; diesel fuel and the galvanized coating react chemically to each other, producing flaking that quickly clogs filters or causes fuel pump or injector failure.

High sulfur content in fuel may cause engine wear. In those countries where diesel has a high sufur content, its is advisable to lubricate the engine with a high alkaline oil or alternatively to replace the lubricating oil recommended by the manufacturer more frequently. The regions in which diesel normally has a low sulfur content are Europe, North America, and Australia.

| PRESCRIBED LUBRICANT | | | | |
|---|--------|--|--|--|
| Fuel with low sulphur content API CF4 - CG4 | | | | |
| Fuel with high sulphur content | API CF | | | |

FUEL TYPE

For best results, use only clean, fresh, commercial-grade diesel fuel. Diesel fuels that satisfy the following specifications are suitable for use in this engine: ASTM D-975 - 1D or 2D, EN590, or equivalent.

FUELS FOR LOW TEMPERATURES

It is possible to run the engine at temperatures below 0°C using special winter fuels. These fuels reduce the formation of paraffin in diesel at low temperatures. If paraffin forms in the diesel, the fuel filter becomes blocked interrupting the flow of fuel.

Fuel can be: - Summer up to 0°C
- Winter up to -10°C
- Alpine up to -20°C
- Arctic up to -30°C

BIODIESEL FUEL

Fuels containing less than 20% methyl ester or B20, are suitable for use in this engine. Biodiesel fuels meeting the specification of BQ-9000, EN 14214 or equivalent are recommended. DO NOT use vegetable oil as a biofuel for this engine.

Any failures resulting from the use of fuels other than recommended will not be warranted.

AVIATION FUEL

Aviation fuels suitable for use in this engine include JP5, JP4, JP8 and, JET-A (if 5 percent oil is added).

EMISSION CONTROL INFORMATION

LOW SULFUR FUEL OR ULTRA LOW SULFUR FUEL ONLY

EPA /CARB emission label must be attached near the fuel inlet.

| Capacities standard fuel tank | | 10 | |
|---|--|----|--|
| As for filters, tanks and special crankcases please refer to LOMBARDINI instructions. | | | |

DISASSEMBLY / REASSEMBLY



RECOMMENDATIONS FOR DISASSEMBLING AND ASSEMBLING



Important

To locate specific topics, the reader should refer to the index.

- Besides disassembly and reassembly operations this chapter also includes checking and setting specifications, dimensions, repair and operating instructions.
- Always use original LOMBARDINI spare parts for proper repair operations.
- The operator must wash, clean and dry components and assemblies before installing them.
- The operator must make sure that the contact surfaces are intact, lubricate the coupling parts and protect those that are prone to oxidation.

- Before any intervention, the operator should lay out all equipment and tools in such a way as to enable him to carry out operations correctly and safely.
- For safety and convenience, you are advised to place the engine on a special rotating stand for engine overhauls.
- Before proceeding with operations, make sure that appropriate safety conditions are in place, in order to safeguard the operator and any persons involved.
- In order to fix assemblies and/or components securely, the operator must tighten the fastening parts in a criss-cross or alternating pattern.
- Assemblies and/or components with a specific tightening torque must initially be fastened at a level lower than the assigned value, and then subsequently tightened to the final torque.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR OVERHAULS AND TUNING

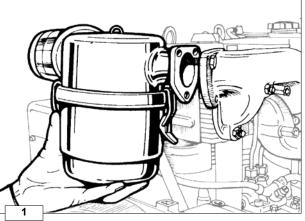


Important

To locate specific topics, the reader should refer to the index.

- Before any intervention, the operator should lay out all equipment and tools in such a way as to enable him to carry out operations correctly and safely.
- The operator must comply with the specific measures described in order to avoid errors that might cause damage to the engine.
- Before carrying out any operation, clean the assemblies and/or components thoroughly and eliminate any deposits or residual material.
- Wash the components with special detergent and do not use steam or hot water.
- Do not use flammable products (petrol, diesel, etc.) to degrease or wash components. Use special products.
- Dry all washed surfaces and components thoroughly with a jet of air or special cloths before reassembling them.

- Apply a layer of lubricant over all surfaces to protect them against oxidation.
- Check all components for intactness, wear and tear, seizure, cracks and/or faults to be sure that the engine is in good working condition.
- Some mechanical parts must be replaced en bloc, together with their coupled parts (e.g. valve guide/valve etc.) as specified in the spare parts catalogue.



AIR CLEANER

Oil-bath air cleaner

Check gaskets and replace if necessary.

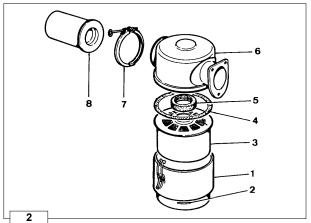
Check that flange weld is free of porosity or defective spots.

Carefully clean bowl and filtering element with Diesel oil and blow through with compressed air.

Top up with engine oil to the mark.

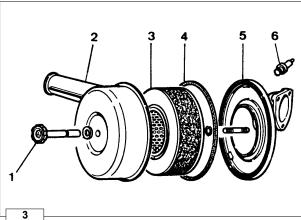
- O When refitting tighten nuts at 25 Nm.
- See page 22 for periodic maintenance details.





Components:

- 1 Bowl
- 2 Oil level mark
- 3 Filtering element
- 4 Seal ring
- 5 Internal seal ring
- 6 Cover
- 7 Clamp
- 8 Prefilter



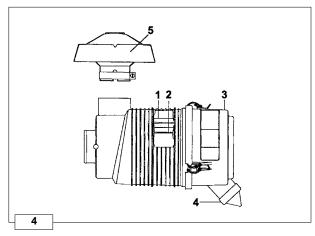
Dry air cleaner

Components:

- 1 Hand wheel
- 2 Cover
- 3 Cartridge
- 4 Seal ring
- 5 Bracket
- 6 Clogging indicator



Replace cartridge immediately when indicator shows that is clogged.



Dry air cleaner, Donaldson type

Danger - Attention

Never clean the filter element using highly flammable solvents. It could cause an explosion!

- ☐ In order to know how often you should check and replace the air filter cartridge and the rubber hose (air filter – intake manifold) see page 22.
- 1 Main cartridge
- 2 Safety cartridge
- 3 Axial cover
- 4 Scavenging valve
- 5 Cap complete with clamp

Scavenging valve 4 must be positioned as in figure 4.



Danger - Attention

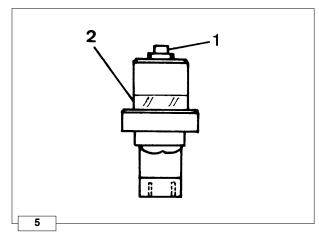
During repair operations, when using compressed air, wear eye protection.

The cartridge can be cleaned by blowing compressed air breadthways outside and inside the cartridge, at a pressure not greater than 5 atmospheres, or in necessity case by knocking the front of the cartridge several times against a flat surface.

Use a lamp to check that the filter element is not damaged or inspect it against the light while slanted.

In case of doubt, install a new cartridge.



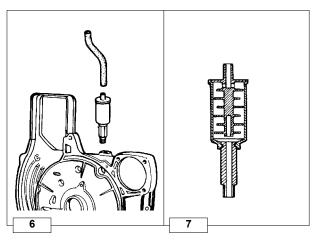


Clogging indicator

Components:

- 1 Reset button
- 2 Transparent indicator

Indicator is calibrated at 600÷650 mm column of water.

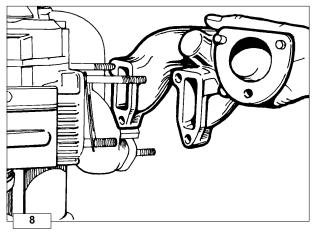


Oil vapour separator

Fitted on engines with dry air cleaner.

Screw it out of the air conveyor support, carefully wash with gasoline inside and blow out with compressed air.

When refitting replace the copper gasket and connect the oil vapour separator with intake manifold by means of the special rubber hose.



MANIFOLDS, INTAKE/EXHAUST

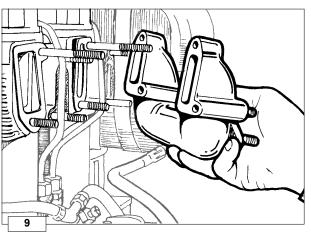
Intake manifold

To avoid flange breakage check that heads are in line before tightening

Check flange surface for warpage and correct if necessary. Replace gaskets.

O Tighten nuts at 25 Nm.

Note: In case of low temperature starting we can supply a manifold with possibility of fitting a glow plug with air preheating.



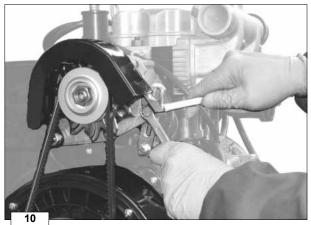
Exhaust manifold

Check that the inside is clean.

To avoid flange breakage check that heads are in line before tightening

Replace gaskets.

O Tighten nuts at 20 Nm.

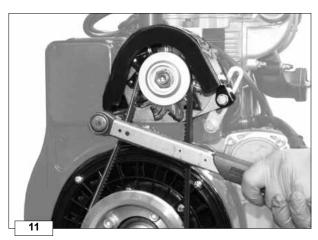


EXTERNAL ALTERNATOR CONTROL BELT (only for engines with external alternator)

External alternator blower control belt - Disassembly

Release the two alternator fastening bolts. Unscrew the fastening nuts of the belt guard and remove it. Remove the ${\bf V}$ belt.

See page 22 for periodic maintenance details.



External alternator blower control belt - Tension check



Important

Carry out checks only after isolating the positive battery cable to prevent accidental short-circuiting and, consequently, the activation of the starter motor.

Tension the belt if it flexes more than 1 cm exerting a pressure of 10 kg.



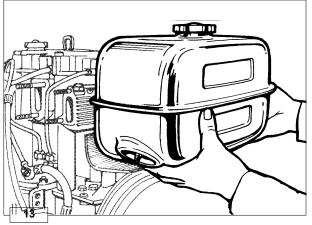
External alternator blower control belt - Reassembly

Install the belt and the belt guard.

Force the alternator outwards and temporarily tighten the fastening holts

Make sure that the belt tension is within the required parameters (see "External alternator blower control belt – Tension check", Fig. 11).

• Tighten the fastening bolts to a final torque of 30 Nm (8x1.25) and 50 Nm (10x1.50).



FUEL TANK

After disconnecting the fuel pipes unscrew the anchoring brackets' screws and remove the fuel tank.

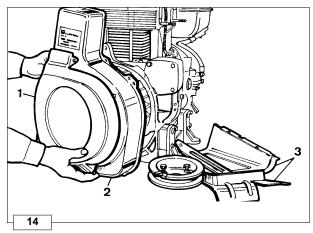
Completely empty the tank and check that no impurities are found inside. If the fuel tank is fitted wth an internal fuel filter remove and replace the cartridge.

Check that cap breather hole is not clogged.

Remove the tank support.

- O When refitting tighten the support screws at 40 Nm and the bracket screws at 8 Nm.
- See page 57 for refitting internal fuel filter.





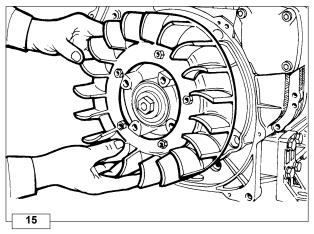
Pulley guard - Shroud - Side plates

Components:

- 1 Pulley guard
- 2 Shroud
- 3 Side plates

The pulley guard is made of sound deadening material: it reduces the noise that both the pulley and the fan tend to amplify.

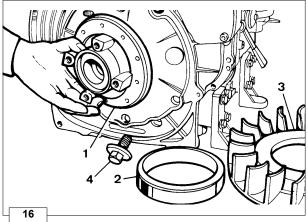
Shroud and side plates are made of ANTIFON, an elastic layer which absorbs the noise caused by the plate vibrations.



Cooling fan

Carefully clean and check all blades and inserts. Replace the fan even if there is only a single damaged blade or only a single released insert.

- See page 16 for cooling air flow.
- O Tighten the fan's fixing screws at a torque of 10 Nm.



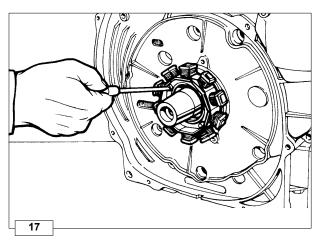
Hub

Components:

- **1** Hub
- 2 Alternator rotor
- 3 Fan
- 4 Bolt

The hub holds the alternator rotor and the cooling fan.

O Unscrew the bolt clockwise and tighten at 160 Nm when refitting.

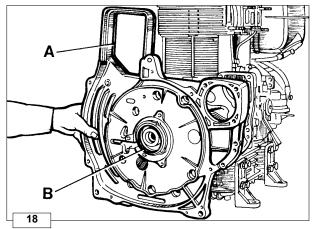


Internal alternator

Remove stator and place it inside the rotor to prevent metal particles from being attracted by the magnets.

- O When refitting tighten rotor screws and stator bolts at 10 Nm.
- **⊃** See page 67 ÷ 69 for alternator characteristics.



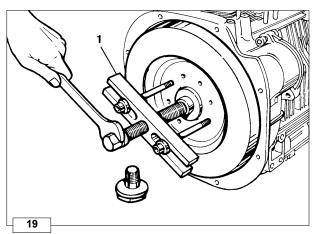


Shroud support (Gear cover plate)

Loosen screws and remove shroud support very carefully to avoid damage to the oil seal ring.

When refitting check that gaskets A and oil seal ring B are well inside their housings.

O Tighten screws at 25 Nm.



FLYWHEEL

Remove flywheel with puller $\boldsymbol{1}$ (part N°. 7271-1460-119). Check starter ring gear and tapered crankshaft mating surfaces.

O When refitting tighten bolt al 300 Nm.

In order to replace the ring gear, it is necessary to disassemble the flywheel.

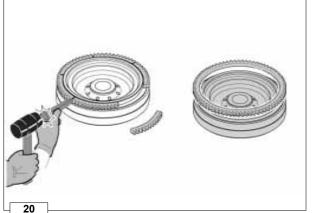
Cut the ring gear in several places using a chisel and remove it.



Important

Remove any debris and carefully clean the ring gear.

Heat the new ring gear uniformly and keep it at a temperature of 300°C for15÷20 minuti.



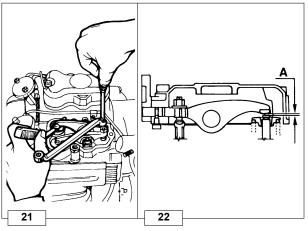


Danger - Attention

Risk of burning: be careful of hot surfaces.

Insert the ring gear into its seat and place it carefully on the rim of the

Leave to the ring gear to cool gently before reassembling the flywheel.



ROCKER ARMS

Valve / Rocker arm clearance



Important

Setting should be performed when the engine is cold.

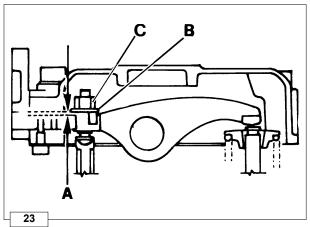
Remove rocker arm cover and check gaskets for breakage.

Bring each cylinder piston to top dead center on the compression stroke and set clearance A al 0.15÷0.20 mm for intake and 0.30÷0.35 mm for exhaust.

O When refitting tighten cover screws by 20 Nm.

Disassembly / Reassembly





Compression release (optional)

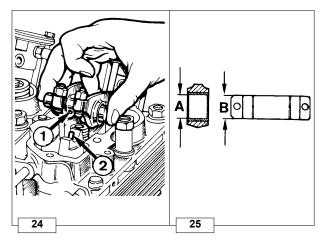
Bring piston to top dead center on the compression stroke.

Unscrew rocker arm cover side plug and measure clearance **A** between lever and rocker arm, which must be 0.30÷0.40 mm.

For setting purposes remove the rocker arm cover, unscrew the lock nut ${\bf C}$ and set clearance ${\bf A}$ by changing the height of the shims under the plate ${\bf B}$.

Set the valve/rocker arm clearance, see "Valve / Rocker arm clearance" on page 31.

Reassemble the rocker arm cover and check the decompression lever clearance again.



Rocker arm assembly

Components:

1 Bore

2 Lubrication tube

Dimensions (mm):

A = 18.032÷18.050

B = 17.989÷18.000

If clearance (A - B) exceeds 0.135 mm replace shaft and rocker arms.

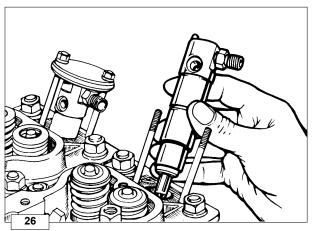


Caution - Warning

When retitting check that lubrication tube perfectly matches with the journal bore.

On slow engines, which are set to 1,500-1,800 rpm, the rocker arms differ from the standard version in the upper part of the lubrication channel.

 Tighten the rocker arm shaft fastening screws to the head at a torque of 25 Nm

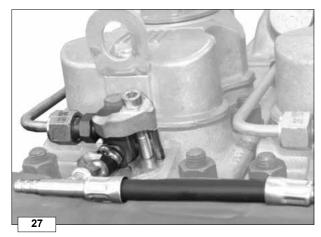


INJECTOR

Clean injector and check calibrated pressure as indicated on page 65. When refitting check that it correctly protrudes from the cylinder head plane.

- O Tighten the fixing nuts at 10 Nm.
- O Tighten the high-pressure pipe union at 25 Nm.

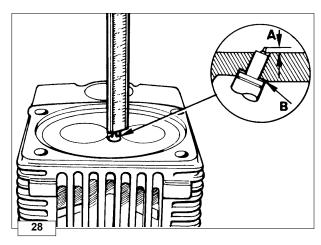




Injector for EPA and 97/68 CE engines

The injector is attached to the cylinder head via a forked bracket.

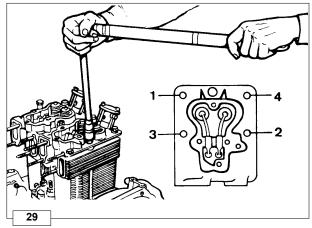
- O Tighten the fixing bracket screw at 10 Nm.
- O Fix the high-pressure hose union to the injector union at 25 Nm.



Injector projection

The end of nozzle **A** should project 3.0÷3.5 mm. from the cylinder head plane.

Adjust injector projection by means of copper shims **B** measuring 0.5, 1.00 and 1.50 mm in thickness.



CYLINDER HEAD



\ Important

Do not remove it when hot to avoid deformation.

The cylinder heads must be tightened with the exhaust or intake manifold mounted to keep them lined up.

If cylinder head is deformed level it off by removing a maximum of 0.3 mm.

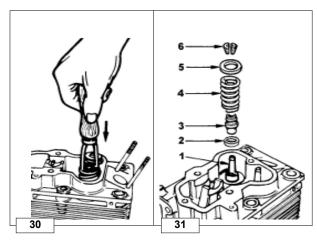
When refitting tighten only if sure that rocker arm lubrication tube is well inside its holes, and that the rubber seals of the tappet hose are assembled and inserted correctly into their seats.

Always replace copper head gasket: see page 39 for choosing the right thickness.

O Progressively tighten nuts in the 1, 2, 3, 4 sequence at 55 Nm.

Disassembly / Reassembly



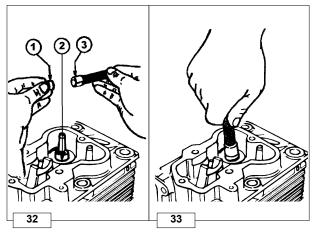


Valves

Components:

- 1 Intake valve
- 2 Spring seat
- 3 Valve stem seal ring
- 4 Spring
- 5 Retainer
- 6 Half collets

To remove half collets firmly press down as shown in the figure.

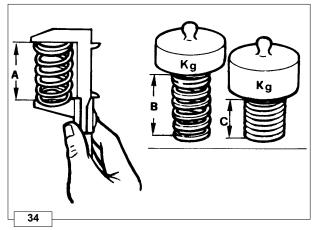


Valve stem sealing rings - Reassembly

Lubricate the inside of the sealing ring with Molikote BR2 Plus and insert them all the way onto the guides using tool 1460-108.

To prevent deformation of the sealing ring 1 as it is inserted onto the valve guide 2 insert it onto tool 3.

Lubricate valve stem with the same type of grease; insert the valves into the guides rotating them particularly as they enter the sealing ring.



Valve springs

Measure free length with a gauge.

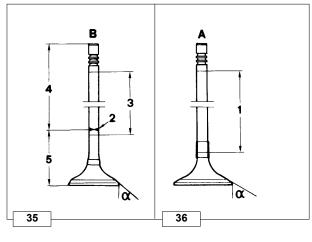
Using a dynamometer check that the spring length under two different loads corresponds to the values below:

Free length **A** = 52 mm

Length **B** compressed by a 210.6 N = 35.8 mm

Length C compressed by a 340.6 N = 25.8 mm

Replace spring if length is 1 mm or more below the stated values.



Valve material

Intake valves A

Material: X 45 Cr Si 9-3 UNI En 10090

1 Chromium-plated portion

a 45.5° ÷ 45.75°

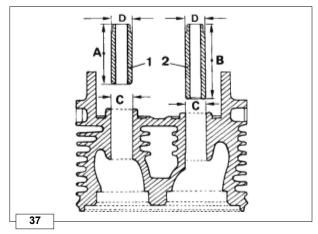
Exhaust valve B

Shaft and head are made of 2 different materials.

- 2 Welded portion
- 3 Chromium-plated portion
- 4 Portion made of X 45 Cr Si 9 3 UNI EN 10090
- 5 Portion made of X 55 Cr Mn Ni N 20 8 UNI EN 10090
- **a** 45.5° ÷ 45.75°

4





Valve guides and valve guide housings

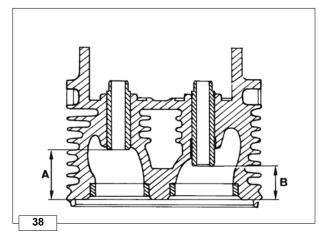
Starting from engine No. 2883619 intake and exhaust valve guides are both made of phosphoric cast iron.

Components:

- 1 = Exhaust valve guide
- 2 = Intake valve guide

| Ref. | Dimensions (mm) | | |
|------|-----------------|--|--|
| А | 42.0 | | |
| В | 48 | | |
| С | 14.000 ÷ 14.018 | | |
| D | 14.045 ÷ 14.056 | | |

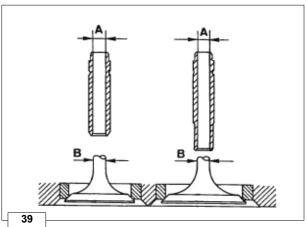
Valve $\,$ guides with outside diameter increased by 0.5 mm. are also available;in such cases valve guide bore ${\bf C}$ should also be increased by 0.5 mm.



Valve guide insertion

Heat cylinder head up to $160 \div 180 ^{\circ} C$ Press guides considering the **A** and **B** distances from the head plane.

| Ref. | Dimensions (mm) | | | | |
|------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Α | 30,80÷31,20 | | | | |
| В | 24,80÷25,20 | | | | |

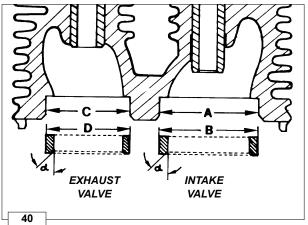


Dimensions and clearance between guides and valves

| Ref. | Dimensions (mm) | Clearance (mm) | Limit value (mm) |
|------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| Α | 8,025÷8,040* | 0.025 : 0.055 | 0.45 |
| В | 7,985÷8,000 | 0,025÷0,055 | 0,15 |

* with driven guide.

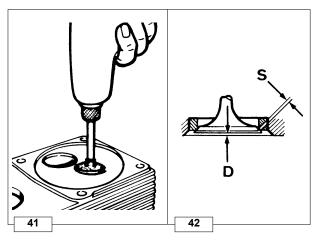




Valve seats and housings

| Ref. | Dimensions (mm) |
|------|-----------------|
| А | 40.000 ÷ 40.016 |
| В | 40.081 ÷ 40.095 |
| С | 34.000 ÷ 34.016 |
| D | 34.081 ÷ 34.095 |

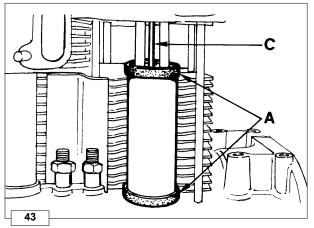
Press valve seats into the housings and cut at 45°.



Valve seat grinding

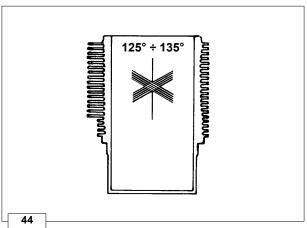
After cutting grind valve seats with fine emery paste in oil suspension. The sealing surface **S** should not exceed 2 mm.

Valve recess after grinding **D** = 0.75÷1.25 mm; maximum worn limit 1.65 mm.



Pushrod tube

When refitting cheek that gaskets A and rocker arm lubrication tube C are well inside their seats.



CYLINDER

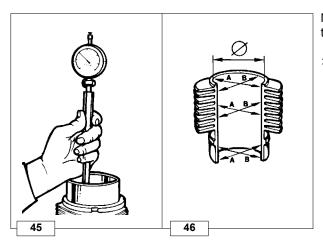
Checks and cylinder roughness

Fins must be intact.

Cross hatch pattern must range between 125°÷135°: they must be uniform and clear in both directions.

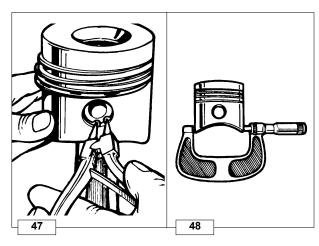
Average roughness should range between 0.35 and 0.60 μm .





Measure diameter size between two diametrically opposed points at three different heights.

♠ As per the cylinder sizes, see Table "Piston and cylinder types and sizes".



PISTON

Remove circlips and remove piston pin.
Remove piston rings and clean grooves.
Measure diameter at 17 mm from the bottom of skirt.

Table "Piston and cylinder types and sizes"

| Class | Ø Piston (mm) | Ø Cylinder (mm) | Clearance (mm) |
|-------|-----------------|------------------|----------------|
| А | 94.92 ÷ 94.93 * | 95.00 ÷ 95.01 * | |
| В | 94.93 ÷ 94.94 * | 95.01 ÷ 95.02 * | 0.07 ÷ 0.09 |
| С | 94.94 ÷ 94.95 * | 95.02 ÷ 95.03 ** | |

^{*} In case of diameter wear above 0.05 mm replace piston and piston rings.

Note: Oversize pistons of 0.5 and 1.0 mm are available (only for standard and 97/68 CE engines).

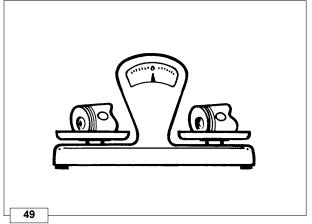


Important

The cylinder heads must be tightened with the exhaust or intake manifold mounted to keep them lined up. The cylinder and piston must be replaced with a new cylinder and piston of the same class.

^{**} In case wear exceeds 0.10 mm, bore the cylinder and fit oversize piston and rings. In case of less wear replace piston rings only.





Piston weight

Weigh pistons when replacing them in order to avoid unbalance.



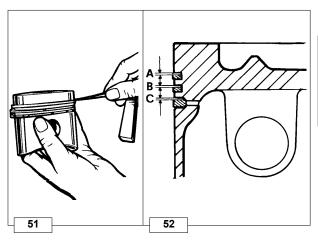
Important
The difference in weight should not exceed 6 g.



Piston rings - End gaps (mm)

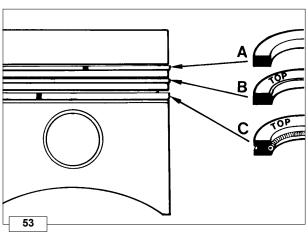
Place piston rings squarely into the unworn part of the lower cylinder and measure the end gap.

| | | А |
|----|---------------------------------|---------------|
| 1° | Chromium-plated ring | 0.40mm÷0.65mm |
| 2° | Torsional internal tapered ring | 0.40mm÷0.65mm |
| 3° | Oil control ring | 0.30mm÷0.60mm |



Pistons rings - Clearance between grooves (mm)

| Ref. Dimensions (mm) | | Limit value (mm) | |
|----------------------|-----------|---------------------|--|
| Α | 0,07÷0,11 | 0,20 | |
| В | 0,05÷0,09 | 0,16 | |
| С | 0,04÷0,08 | 0,15 | |



Piston rings - Fitting sequence

A = 1° Chromium-plated ring

B = 2° Torsional (internal tapered) ring

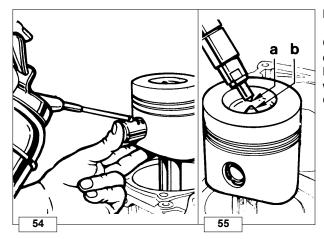
C = 3° Oil control ring



Important

Before fitting the piston into the cylinder stagger the ring gaps at 120°.



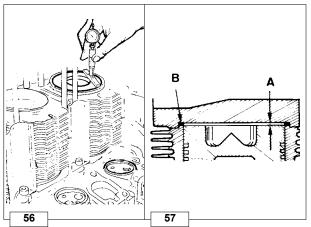


Piston - Refitting

Connect piston to connecting rod in a way that the combustion chamber centre \mathbf{b} is at right angle under nozzle tip \mathbf{a} .

Lubricate piston pin and introduce it into the piston by exerting pressure with your thumb.

Check that both circlips are well inside their seats.



Piston clearance

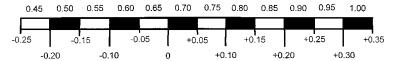
Piston clearance = $0.65 \div 0.70$ mm, for standard engines = $0.55 \div 0.60$ mm, for 97/68 CE and EPA engines

The piston in the **TDC** (top dead centre) position may extend or be short of the upper surface of the cylinder.

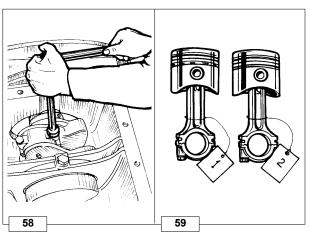
Use a dial indicator to measure the difference between the two surfaces (piston crown and upper cylinder surface) and use a suitable thickness copper gasket **B** for the cylinder head to adjust the clearance volume **A**.

(See image below)

Head seal thickness



Distance between the piston at the top dead centre and the cylinder surface



CONNECTING ROD

Remove the oil sump.
Remove the connecting rod cap.

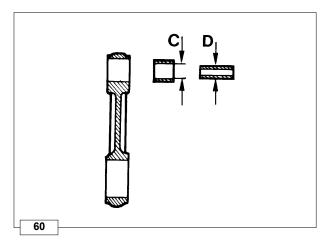


Important

Both connecting rod/piston units should be fitted back into the corresponding cylinders; mark them so as to identify the correct combination during reassembly.

See page 40 for specifications as to the tightening of the connecting rod big end bearing.





Connecting rod small end bushing

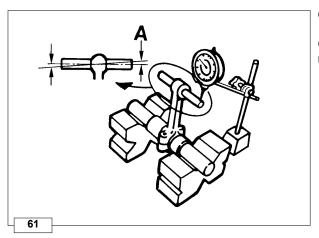
Dimensions and clearance (mm):

C = 25.020÷25.030 (with machined bushing in place)

 $D = 24.995 \div 25.000$

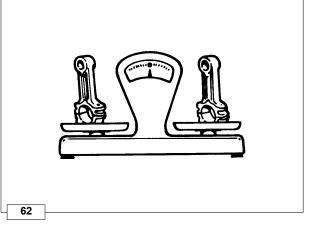
 $(C-D) = 0.020 \div 0.035$

(C-D) maximum worn limit = 0.070



Connecting rod alignment

Check alignment of small end and big end bearing bores using fitted mandrels; axial mis-alignment $\bf A=0.02$ mm; maximum limit = 0.05 mm.



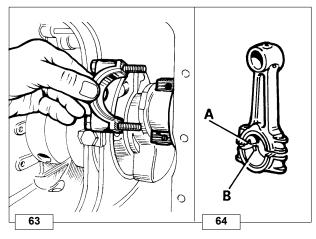
Connecting rod weight

Weigh connecting rods when replacing them in order to avoid unbalance.



Important

The difference in weight should not exceed 10 g.

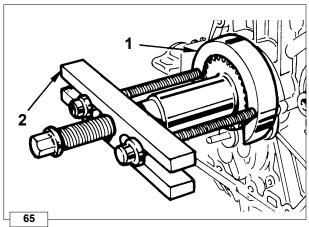


Connecting rod big end bearing

Both centering notches of the bearings ${\bf A}$ and ${\bf B}$ must be on the same side when refitting.

- O Tighten bolts at 40 Nm.
- See page 44 for dimensions.





CRANKSHAFT TIMING GEAR

Disassembly:

Use tool **1** (Part N $^{\circ}$. 7560-4000-052) and puller **2** (Part N $^{\circ}$. 7271-1460-119) to remove the gear.

Reassembly:

Heat the gear uniformly and keep it at a temperature of 300 $^{\circ}$ C for 15 - 20 minutes.

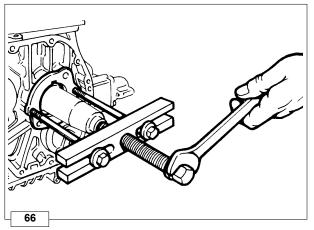


Caution - Warning

Danger of burning: pay attention to the hot surfaces.

Insert the gear into its seat by inserting the activation key into the gear opening and push until it comes into contact with the driving shaft.

Let it slowly cool down.



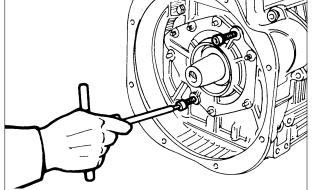
MAIN BEARING SUPPORTS

Main bearing support, gear side

Remove main bearing by means of two M8x1.25 screws with fully threaded length of 40 mm or a puller (Part N° . 7271-1460-119).

Note: To avoid deformation it is not recomended to replace the bearing bushing, complete assembly's of bushing and support are available in standard, 0.25 mm and 0.50 mm undersize configurations as spare parts.

- O When refitting tighten the screws at 30 Nm.
- See page 44 ÷ 45 for dimensions.



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Main bearing support, flywheel side

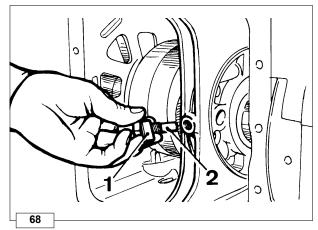
Remove it by means of two M8x1.25 screws with fully threaded length of 40 mm

Check oil seal ring and replace if warped, hardened or worn-out.

- O When refitting, tighten nuts at 30 Nm.
- See end float on page 45 for gasket replacement details.
- See page 44 ÷ 45 for dimensions.

Disassembly / Reassembly



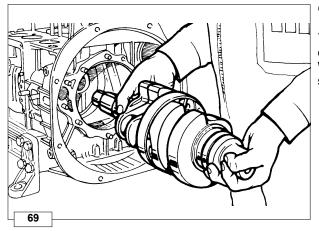


CRANKSHAFT

Center main bearing support, locating screw.

Straighten plate 1 and unscrew screw 2 before removing crankshaft.

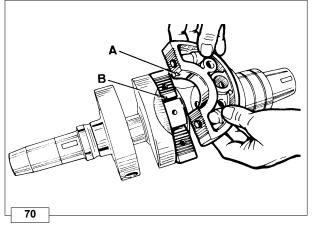
O When assembling tighten the screw at a torque of 30 Nm.



Crankshaft removal

To pull out the crankshaft tap lightfy on the timing side end using a copper-headed hammer.

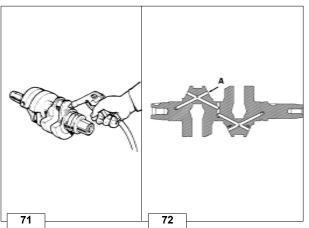
When refitting align center main bearing support so that the locating screw hole coincides with the crankcase hole.



Crankshaft center main bearing support

When refitting, both centering notches ${\bf A}$ and ${\bf B}$ must be located on the same side.

- O Tighten screws at 25 Nm.
- See page 44 ÷ 45 for dimensions.



Crankshaft Iubrication ducts

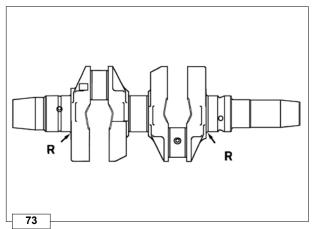


Danger - Attention

During repair operations, when using compressed air, wear eye protection.

Remove plugs, clean duct **A** with a pointed tool and blow in compressed air. Screw plugs again and check for sealing.



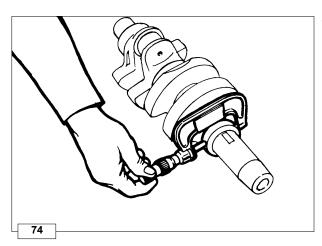


Crankshaft journal radius

The radius **R** connecting journals to shoulders is 2.8÷3.2 mm.

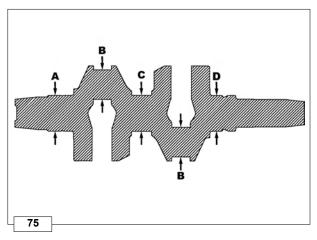


Important
When grinding external main journals restore the R value to original specification.



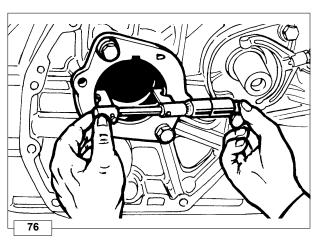
Checking main journals and crank pins

Use an outside micrometer gauge.



Main journal and crank pin diameter

| Ref. | Dimensions (mm) | | |
|------|-----------------|--|--|
| Α | 54.931÷54.950 | | |
| В | 45.500÷45.516 | | |
| С | 55.331÷55.350 | | |
| D | 54.931÷54.950 | | |



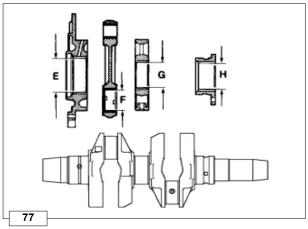
How to measure main bearing inside diameter

Use an inside micrometer gauge.



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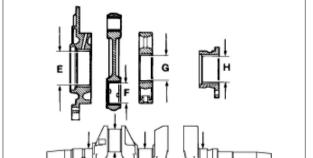


Main bearing and connecting rod big end bearing inside diameter

| Ref. | Dimensions (mm) | |
|------|-----------------|--|
| Е | 55.000÷55.020 | |
| F | 45.548÷45.578 | |
| G | 55.404÷55.435 | |
| Н | 55.000÷55.020 | |

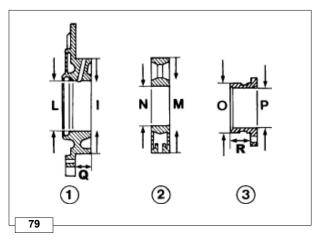
The above dimensions refer to driven in or tightened bearings.

Note: Both main bearings and connecting rod big end bearings are available with inside diameter size measuring 0.25 and 0.50 mm less than the standard version.



Clearance between main journals/crank pins and connecting rod bearings

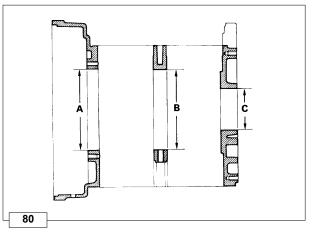
| Ref. | Clearance (mm) | Limit value (mm) | |
|------|-------------------|------------------|--|
| E-A | 0.050÷0.089 | 0.180 | |
| F-B | 0.032÷0.078 | 0.150 | |
| G-C | 0.054÷0.104 | 0.190 | |
| H-D | 0.050÷0.089 0.180 | | |



Main bearing supports -**Dimensions**

- 1 Flywheel side
- 2 Central
- 3 Gear side

| Ref. | Dimensions (mm) | |
|------|-------------------|--|
| I | 149.000 ÷ 149.020 | |
| L | 60.000 ÷ 60.020 | |
| М | 147.000 ÷ 147.018 | |
| N | 59.074 ÷ 59.093 | |
| 0 | 75.990 ÷ 76.010 | |
| Р | 60.000 ÷ 60.020 | |
| Q | 23.95 ÷ 24.05 | |
| R | 31.10 ÷ 31.20 | |



Main bearing housings

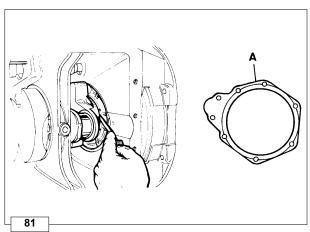
| Ref. | Dimensions (mm) | |
|------|--------------------|--|
| Α | 149,000÷149,020 | |
| В | 147,000÷147,020 | |
| С | 76,000÷76,020 | |

4



Table "Clearance between main bearings and main bearing housings"

| Ref. | Clearance (mm) | Limit value (mm) | |
|------|----------------|------------------|--|
| A-I | -0,020÷0,020 | 0,03 | |
| B-M | -0,018÷0,020 | 0,03 | |
| C-O | -0,010÷0,030 | 0,04 | |



Crankshaft end play

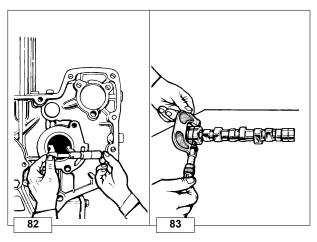
When refitting crankshaft check end play by means of a thickness gauge; this value should be $0.08 \div 0.38$ mm and can be set by changing the thickness of gasket **A** which is located on the flywheel-side main bearings.

Gaskets with thickness of 0.30 and 0.50 mm can be supplied.



Important

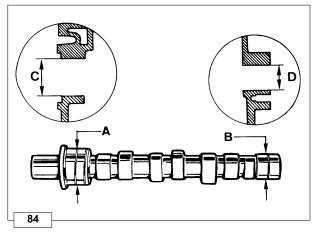
Replace the main bearings 1 and 3 (Fig. 79) if the axial clearance value still turns out to be too high even with a seal having a smaller thickness (fig. 79).



CAMSHAFT

How to measure camshaft journals and housings

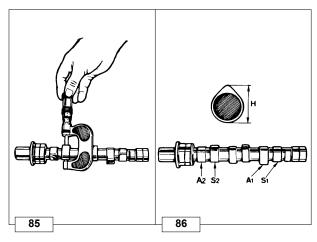
Use an inside micrometer gauge for housings and an outside micrometer gauge for journals.



Dimensions of camshaft journals and housings

| Ref. | Dimensions (mm) | Clearance (mm) | Limit value (mm) |
|------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| Α | 41,940÷41,960 | 0.040 : 0.095 | 0.160 |
| С | 42,000÷42,025 | 0,040÷0,085 | 0,160 |
| В | 27,940÷27,960 | 0,040÷0,085 | 0,150 |
| D | 28,000÷28,025 | 0,040+0,065 | |





How to measure intake/exhaust cam height

A1 = 1 st cylinder intake cam

S1 = 1 st cylinder exhaust cam

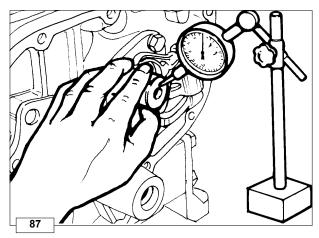
A2 = 2nd cylinder intake cam

S2 = 2nd cylinder exhaust cam

Exhaust and intake cams feature the same height **H**.

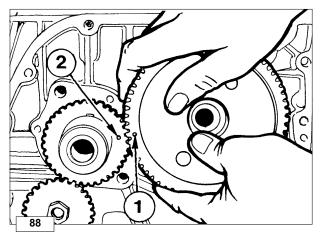
 $H = 33.625 \div 33.650 \text{ mm}$

Replace camshaft if **H** is 0.1 mm below the given value.



Camshaft end play

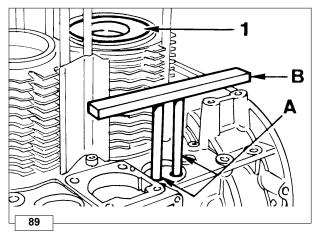
End play should be 0.10÷0.25 mm; check by means of a dial gauge pushing or pulling camshaft as required.



CAMSHAFT TIMING

Fit camshaft gear by making timing mark 1 coincide with timing -mark 2 on the crankshaft timing gear.

O Tighten camshaft boll at 60 Nm.

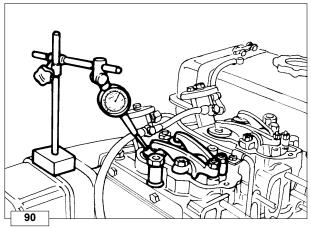


Valve timing without considering timing marks

Locate piston 1 (on flywheel side) at the top dead centre. Position two small cylinders **A** of the same height onto the tappets. Rotate camshaft stopping when cylinder 1 tappets are in overlap position (intake open, exhaust closed).

By means of ruler **B** check that tappets are at the same height. Engage camshaft gear with crankshaft gear.





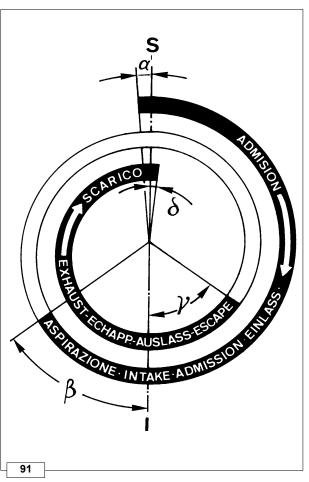
Valve timing check

Check valve timing at the crankshaft.

The values shown are checked at the flywheel circumference (with flywheel of 291 mm. diameter each degree corresponds to 2.5 mm). Set valve clearance at 0.65÷0.70 mm (after checking restore the value at 0.15÷0.20 mm).

Set dial gauge on intake valve to a zero value; by rotating the driving shaft according to its direction of rotation you can measure α (intake valve opening advance referred to top dead centre S) and ß (intake valve closing delay referred to bottom (I) dead centre).

Follow the same procedure for exhaust valves checking γ (exhaust valve opening advance) and δ (exhaust valve closing delay).



Valve timing - Angles

The angle values are determined by turning the driving shaft clockwise

S = Piston at top dead centre

= Piston at bottom dead centre

 α = Intake valve open

 β = Intake valve closed

 γ = Exhaust valve open

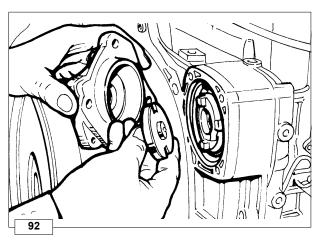
 $\dot{\delta}$ = Exhaust valve closed

Timing angles for checking puposes (valve clearance = $0,65 \div 0,70 \text{ mm}$)

 α = 1° before **S**

 β = 21° after I

 γ = 23° before I δ = 1° after **S**

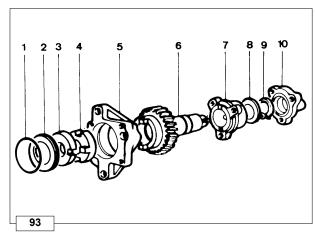


HYDRAULIC PUMP

Hydraulic pump p.t.o

A hydraulic pump of group 1 (1P) or 2 (2P) can be installed on the gear side, 3rd p.t.o.

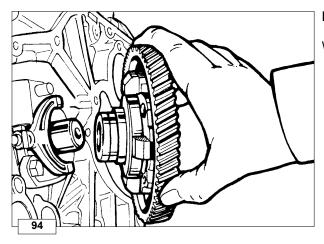




Hydraulic pump components (1 P)

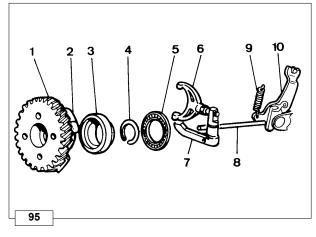
- 1 Seal ring
- 2 Centering ring
- 3 Coupling
- 4 Half coupling
- 5 Flange
- 6 Gear
- 7 Bracket
- 8 Thrust washer
- 9 Stop ring
- 10 Cover

The maximum total torque is thus 30 Nm corresponding to 12.5 HP at 3000 r.p.m. Reduction ratio 1:1.



MECHANICAL SPEED GOVERNOR

Weight-type governor housed inside the camshaft drive gear.



Mechanical speed governor components

- 1 Gear
- 2 Weight
- 3 Mobile bell
- 4 Stop ring
- 5 Thrust washer
- 6 Yoke
- 7 Lever
- 8 Drive rod
- 9 Governor spring
- 10 Rack control lever

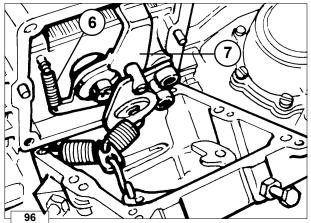
Weights are moved to the periphery by the centrifugal force and thus axially shift a mobile bell connected to the injection pump rack control lever by a linkage.

A spring placed under tension by the accelerator control offset the weight centrifugal force.

Balance between the two forces keeps speed at an almost constant level in spite of load variations.

See page 62 for timing.

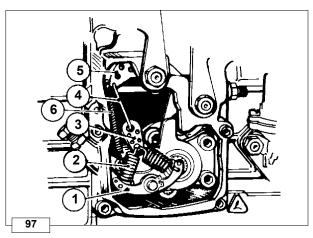




Governor springs with rocker arm system

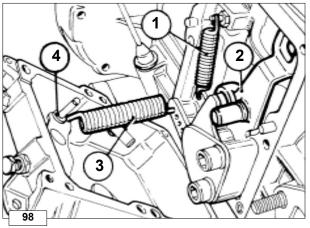
The system features two springs anchored to a rocker arm and allows for minimal r.p.m. changes at low speed levels.

The device is operated automatically: when the engine is stopped spring 6 acts on injection pump control yoke 7 providing maximum fuel delivery, until the engine starts and the governor controls the injection pump rack.



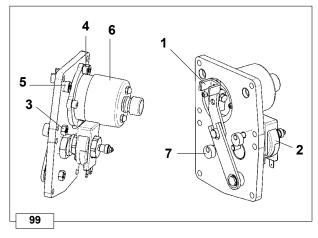
Components:

- 1 Rocker arm for spring anchoring
- 2 Governor springs
- 3 Plate
- 4 Link
- 5 Throttle lever
- 6 Supplementary start-up fuel spring



Governor springs with single-spring system

- 1 Extra fuel spring
- 2 Injection pump control lever
- 3 Governor spring
- 4 Throttle lever



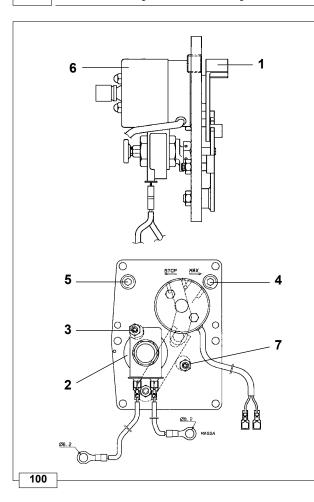
ELECTRONIC SPEED GOVERNOR

(optional)

- 1 Injection pump control lever
- 2 Electromagnet
- 3 Eccentric screw
- 4 Conical plug
- 5 Conical plug
- 6 Actuator
- 7 Eccentric screw

Assemble the entire plate by centring it on the reference pins and make sure that the injection pump rack rod pin is inside lever "1". Fix the plate by using the specific screws for its model.



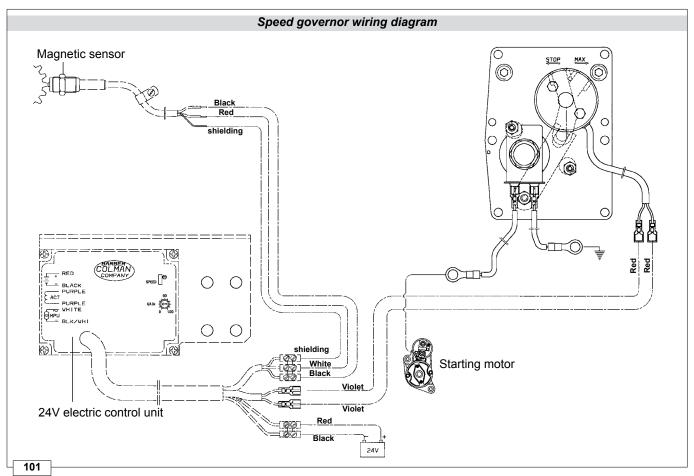


Adjustment of the stroke end (STOP):

- 1 Remove the conical plug "5".
- 2 Through the eccentric "7" position and check by sight that the lever in stop position is at the extreme left.
- 3 From this position, always acting on the eccentric screw "7", move the control lever 1,0 ÷ 1,5 mm to right.
- 4 Lock the lock nut of the screw "7".
- 5 Reassamble the conical plug "5".

Adjustment of extra fuel delivery:

- 1 Remove the conical plug "4".
- 2 Power the electromagnet "2" with a 12V voltage and make sure that the plunger has moved. In this case you will hear the typical activated magnet sound.
- 3 Feed actuator "6" with a tension of 12V (put between the actuator and the 12V a 10 Amp. fuse): the actuator tension will cause the pump delivery control lever to move to the right.
- 4 By the eccentric screw "3" place and check by sight that the lever in Max position is at the extreme right; from this position, always acting on the screw "3", move the delivery control lever by 1,0 ÷ 1,5 mm to the left.
- 5 Lock the lock nut of screw "3".
- 6 Remove feeding from actuator "6" e electromagnet "2".
- 7 Reassamble the conical plug "4".



| A KOHLER COMPANY | Disassembly / Reassembly 4 |
|------------------|----------------------------|
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LUBRICATION SYSTEM AND BREATHER RECIRCULATION SYSTEM



Danger - Attention

- The engine can be damaged if allowed to operate with insufficient oil. It is also dangerous to add too much oil because its combustion may lead to a sharp increase in the rotation speed.
- Use suitable oil in order to protect the engine.
 Nothing more than lubrication oil can influence the performances and life of an engine.
- Use of an inferior quality oil or failure to regularly change the oil will increase the risk of piston seizure, will cause the piston rings to jam and will lead to rapid wear on the cylinder liner, the bearings and all other moving parts. Engine life will also be notably reduced.

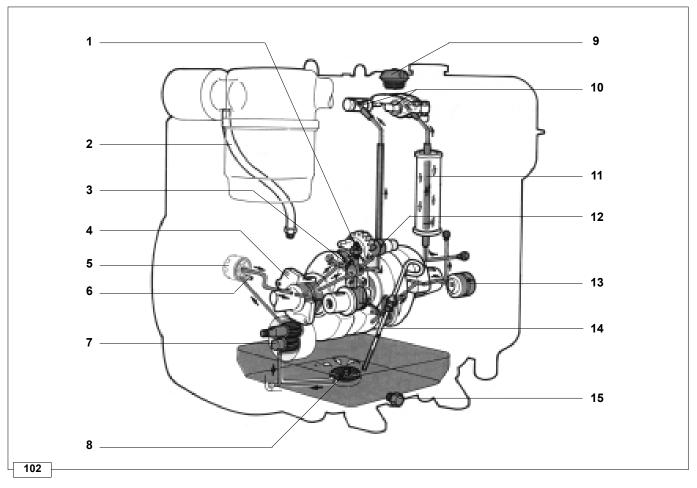
- The oil viscosity must suit the ambient temperature in which the engine operates.



Danger - Attention

- Old engine oil can cause skin cancer if repeatedly left in contact with the skin and for long periods of time.
 Wear protective gloves to avoid touching used oil.
- If contact with the oil is unavoidable, you are advised to wash your hands with soap and water as soon as possible.
 Dispose of old oil in the correct way as it is highly polluting.

Standard lubrication system circuit



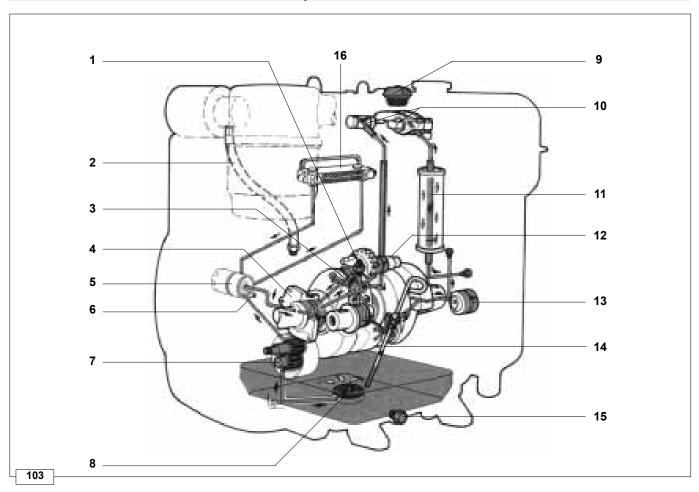
Components:

- 1) Oil preassure gauge
- 2) Breather
- 3) Connecting rod big end bearing
- 4) Crankshaft main bearing on gear side
- 5) Cartridge filter
- 6) Oil pressure relief valve
- 7) Oil pump
- 8) Internal filter

- 9) Oil fill plug
- 10) Rocker arm shafts
- 11) Pushrod protection tube
- **12)** Hydraulic pump gear
- 13) Camshaft journal on fiywheel side
- 14) Oil dipstick
- 15) Oil drain plug



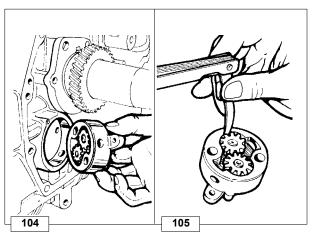
Lubrication system with oil radiator circuit



Components:

- 1) Oil pressure gauge
- 2) Breather
- 3) Connecting rod big end bearing
- 4) Crankshaft main bearing on gear side
- 5) Cartridge filter
- 6) Oil pressure relief valve
- 7) Oil pump
- 8) Internal filter

- 9) Oil fill plug
- 10) Rocker arm shafts
- 11) Pushrod protection tube
- 12) Hydraulic pump gear
- 13) Camshaft journal on fiywheel side
- 14) Oìl dipstick
- 15) Oil drain plug
- 16) Oil radiator



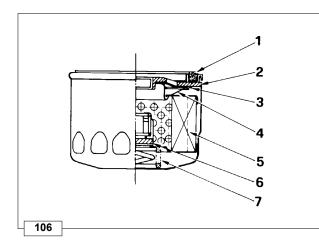
OIL PUMP

Check that the gear teeth are intact and that clearance between gear edge and pump body does not exceed 0.15 mm.

Furthermore check that the control shaft is free to rotate with end float not exceeding 0.15 mm.

Oil pump delivery at 3000 r.p.m. is 9 liters/min.

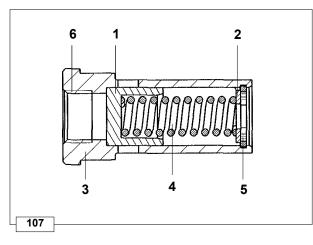




OIL FILTER CARTRIDGE (EXTERNAL)

Components:

- 1 Gasket
- 2 Plate
- 3 Gommino
- 4 Spring
- **5** Filter element
- 6 Bypass valve
- **7** Spring
- ➡ For characteristics see page 17.

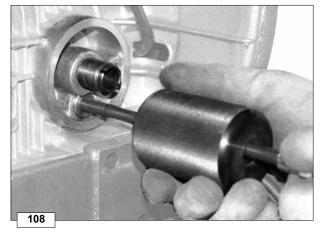


OIL PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE

Details:

- 1 Plunger
- 2 Washer
- 3 Valve body
- 4 Spring
- 5 Ring snap
- 6 M9x1 threading for puller

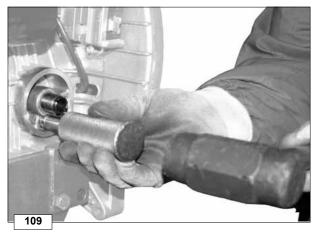
Operation start pressure......5 bar.



Disassembly:

Before removing the oil pressure regulating valve, remove the oil filter by using an appropriate wrench.

Remove the regulating valve using a hammer puller equipped with a M9x1 threaded terminal.



Reassembly:

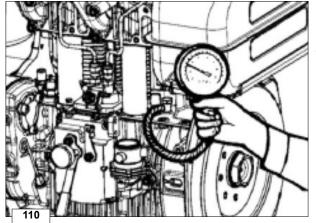
Make sure that the valve seat is free of scratches and scores which could reduce the pressure seal.

Insert the entire oil pressure valve into its housing by keeping it in line.

Make sure that the valve is completely assembled to the engine guard by means of a pad.

5

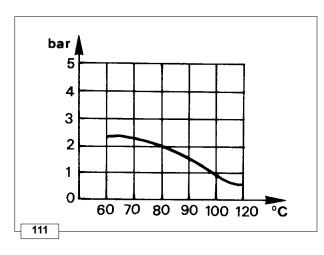




OIL PRESSURE CHECK

Once the engine is fitted fill with oil and fuel; connect a 10 bar pressure gauge to the fitting.

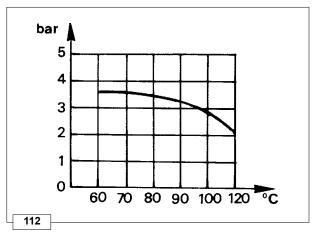
Start the engine and check pressure as a function of the oil temperature.



Oil pressure curve with engine at idle speed

The curve is obtained at the oil filter lever with constant engine speed of 1200 r.p.m. in no-load conditions and at a room temperature of $\pm 25^{\circ}$ C. Pressure is given in bar and temperature in centigrades.

If the oil pressure value is below the indicated one, please check all components indicated on page $52 \div 53$.

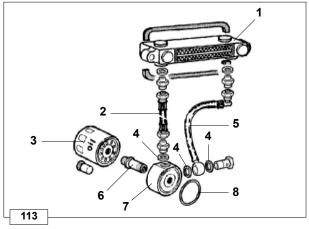


Oil pressure curve with engine at full speed

The curve is obtained at the oil filter level with engine working at 3000 r.p.m. and max. power at + 25°C room temperature.

Pressure is given in bar and temperature in centigrades.

If the oil pressure value is below the indicated one, please check all components indicated on page $52 \div 53$.

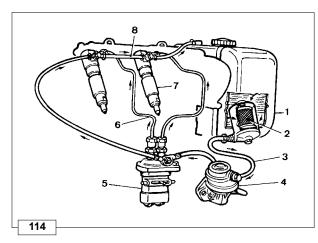


OIL RADIATOR (on request)

Components:

- 1 Radiator
- 2 Return pipe
- 3 Oil filter
- 4 Copper gasket
- 5 Delivery hose
- 6 Union
- 7 Oil detection flange
- 8 O-ring



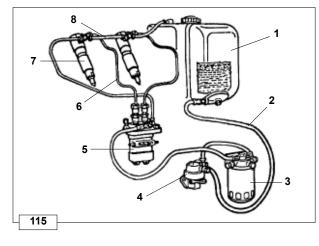


FUEL FEEDING / INJECTION CIRCUIT

Fuel feeding / injection circuit with fuel filter inside the fuel tank

Components:

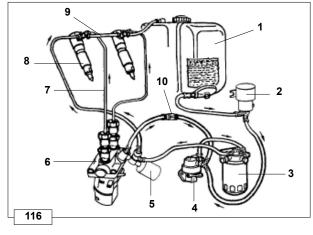
- 1 Fuel tank
- 2 Fuel filter
- 3 Fuel feeding tube
- 4 Fuel lift pump
- 5 Injection pump
- 6 High-pressure pipe
- 7 Injector
- 8 Injector exhaust pipe



Fuel feeding / injection circuit with external fuel filter

Components:

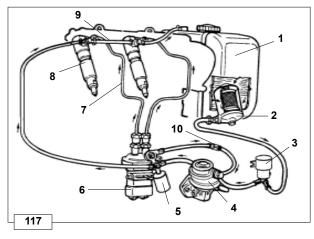
- 1 Fuel tank
- 2 Fuel feeding tube
- 3 Fuel filter
- 4 Fuel lift pump
- 5 Injection pump
- 6 High-pressure pipe
- 7 Injector
- 8 Injector exhaust pipe



Fuel feeding / injection circuit with external fuel filter and double solenoid valve

Components:

- 1 Fuel tank
- 2 Solenoid valve
- 3 Fuel filter
- 4 Fuel lift pump
- 5 Solenoid valve
- 6 Injection pump7 High-pressure pipe
- 8 Injector
- 9 Injector exhaust pipe
- 10 Non-return valve

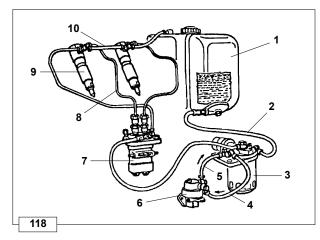


Fuel feeding / injection circuit with fuel filter inside the fuel tank and double solenoid valve

Components:

- 1 Fuel tank
- 2 Fuel filter
- 3 Solenoid valve
- 4 Fuel lift pump
- 5 Solenoid valve
- 6 Injection pump
- 7 High-pressure pipe
- 8 Injector
- 9 Injector exhaust pipe
- 10 Non-return valve

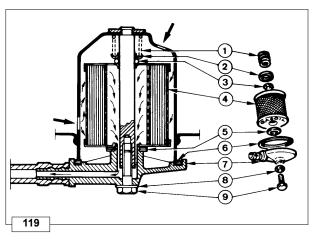




Fuel feeding / injection circuit with external fuel filter and QSD (Quick Stop System)

Components:

- 1 Fuel tank
- 2 Fuel feeding tube
- 3 Fuel filter
- 4 Fuel lift pump intake tube
- 5 Fuel lift pump delivery tube
- 6 Fuel lift pump
- 7 Injection pump
- 8 High-pressure pipe
- 9 Injector
- 10 Injector exhaust pipe



FUEL FILTER

Fuel filter (inside fuel tank)

Components: 1 Spring

2 Disc

3 Ring

4 Cartridge

5 Gasket

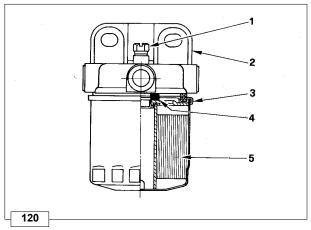
6 Gasket

7 Cap

8 Ring

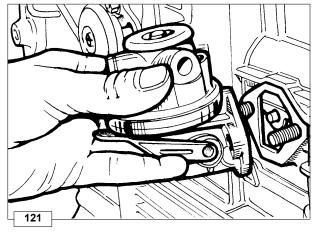
9 Screw

⇒ For characteristics see page 17.



Fuel filter, external

- 1 Air relief valve
- 2 Support
- 3 Cartridge
- 4 Gasket
- 5 Filtering element
- ⇒ For characteristics see page 17.
- ➡ For maintenance see page 22.

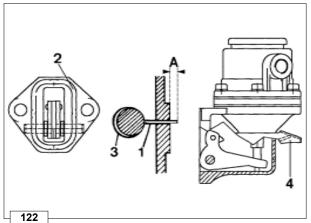


FUEL LIFT PUMP

The fuel lift pump is of the diaphgragm type operated by a camshaft eccentric through a drive rod.

It features an external lever for manual operation.





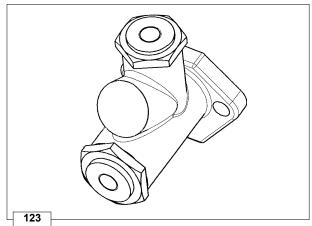
Fuel feeding pump components

Components:

- 1 Drive rod: length: 32,55 ÷ 32,65 mm
 - measured protrusion A: 1,47 ÷ 2,07 mm
- 2 Gasket
- 3 Camshaft eccentric
- 4 Manual priming lever

Characteristics:

when the control eccentric rotates at 1000 r.p.m. minimum delivery is 73 l/h while self-regulation pressure is $0.5 \div 0.7$ bar.



Piston fuel lift pump (on request)

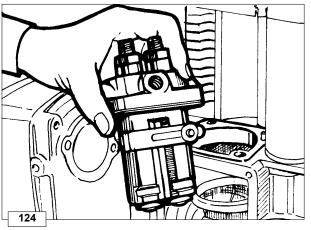
Characteristics:

when the control eccentric rotates at 1000 r.p.m. minimum delivery is 65 l/h while self-regulation pressure is 1.5 ÷ 2.5 bar.



Important

The drive rod and its protrusion do not change in relation to the diaphragm pump.

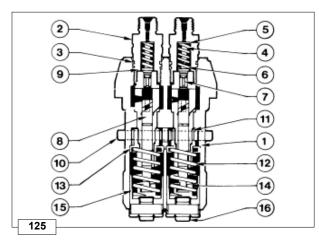


INJECTION PUMP

The injection system consists of a single-body pump with plungers featuring constant stroke and feeding one cylinder each.

The pump, mounted on the crankcase is directly operated by the camshaft.

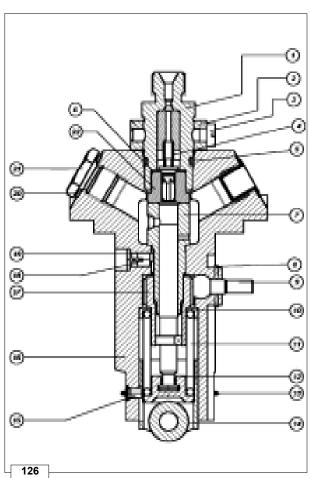
Speed governor, extra fuel and stop device are separate from the pump (see pages 48, 49, 50 and 78).



Injection pump for Standard and 97/68 CE engines

Components:

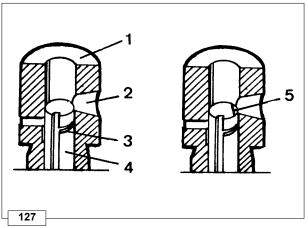
- 1 Pump body
- 2 Holder-delivery valve
- 3 O-ring
- 4 Filter
- 5 Shim
- 6 Valve spring
- 7 Delivery valve
- 9 Gasket
- 10 Rack
- 11 Metering sleeve
- 12 Tappet spring
- 13 Upper retainer
- 14 Lower retainer
- 15 Tappet
- 8 Plunger and barrel assembly 16 Tappet roller



Injection pump for EPA engines

Components:

- 1 Holder-delivery valve
- 2 Locking nut clamp
- 3 Screw
- 4 Valve-Spring
- 5 O Ring
- 6 Copper gasket
- 7 Plunger and barrel assembly
- 8 Pin spring
- 9 Rack
- 10 Seat spring
- 11 Spring tappet
- 12 Seat phasing
- 13 Ring snap
- 14 Tappet assembly roller
- 15 Pin tappet driver
- **16** Pump housing
- 17 Metering sleeve
- 18 Pin barrel locating
- 19 Copper gasket
- 20 Gasket fibre seal
- 21 Threaded cap
- 22 Delivery valve assembly



Plunger and Barrel Assembly

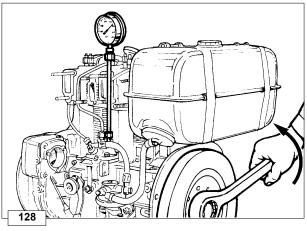
- 1 Barrel
- 2 Fuel feeding port
- 3 Control helix
- 4 Plunger
- 5 Retardation notch

Plunger diameter is 7.5 mm.



Important

Every plunger matches with its own barrel. For this reason they are not interchangeable.



How to check plunger and barrel for internal leakage

This operation is only indicative since pressure changes depending on the pumping speed.

Connect the delivery union with a 600 bar pressure gauge with safety valve.

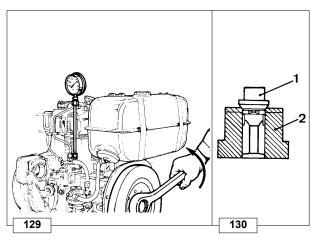
Adjust rack rod at half-stroke.

Turn flywheel according to its direction of rotation so that the plunger puts the circuit under pressure.

Replace plunger if the displayed pressure is below 300 bar.

Repeat the same operation for the other plunger.





How to check injection pump delivery valve sealing

Components:

- 1 Valves
- 2 Seat

Adjust pump rack at half-stroke.

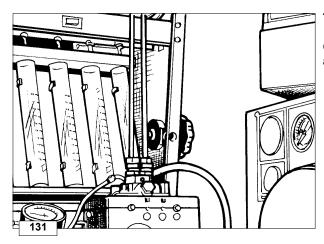
Turn flywheel according to its direction of rotation so that the plunger puts the circuit under pressure.

During this operation the displayed pressure will gradually reach a peak followed by a sudden drop which corresponds to valve closing.

Pressure drop should be 30÷50 bar.

Replace the valve if pressure drop is below this value.

Repeat the same operation for the other plunger.



Test data for injection pump delivery

Check only maximum plunger difference by positioning rack rod according to the indicated delivery value.

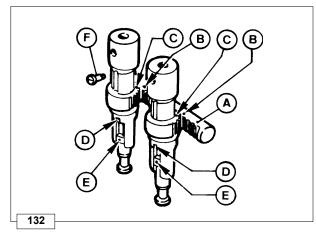
9 LD 625-2 - 626-2 - 625/626 CE

| Control rod max. force | Rod stroke from max deliv. point | R.P.M. | Delivery | Max. plunger difference |
|------------------------|--|--------|------------|----------------------------|
| Newton | mm | | mm³/stroke | mm³/stroke |
| 0,50 | 10 | 1500 | 34÷37 | 3 |
| | 13 | 500 | 7÷11 | 3 |
| | 0 | 150 | 70÷78 | |
| | 10 | 500 | 22÷26 | 3 |

9 LD 625-2 EPA

| Control rod max. force | Rod stroke from max deliv. point | R.P.M. | Delivery | Max. plunger difference |
|------------------------|--|--------|------------|----------------------------|
| Newton | mm | | mm³/stroke | mm³/stroke |
| 0,50 | 9.5 | 1500 | 34÷37 | 3 |
| | 11.5 | 500 | 3÷7 | 3 |
| | 0 | 150 | 60÷68 | |
| | 9.5 | 500 | 13÷18 | 3 |

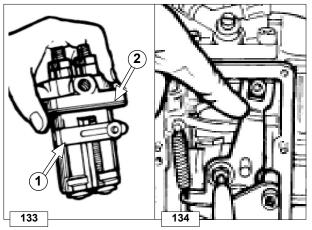




How to reassemble injection pump components

After replacing the worn-out components, reassemble the pump as follows:

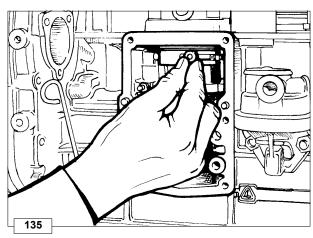
- Introduce sector gears into the pump body by making reference points **C** match with the **B** points on the rack.
- Fix barrels with the eccentric screws **F** on the pump body.
- Fit valves with seats, springs, fillers and delivery unions tightening them at 35 \div 40 Nm.
- Fit plungers by making reference points E match with the sector gear D points.
- Fix retainers and springs; lock tappet with special stop.
- Check that both plungers have the same delivery by performing the necessary measurements at the test bed; if delivery is not the same set screw F.



How to mount injection pump on the engine

During reassembly, make sure the adjustment rod pin 1 is correctly inserted into the opposite seat in the adjustment lever.

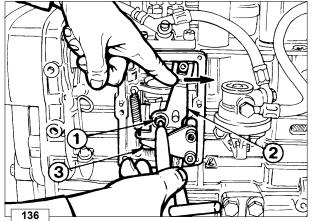
See "Injection advance adjustment" on page 63 for the choice of the seals 2.



O Tighten screws at 25 Nm.

Check that rack rod slides smoothly: if not, the engine may fail to start or hunt.

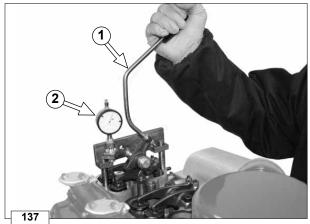




Injection pump/mechanical speed governor timing

Loosen screw 1

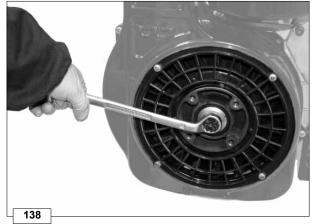
Move injection pump lever 2 to maximum delivery (to the right). Check that drive rod 3 closes the speed governor; keeping lever 2 pressed to the right the drive rod should have no clearance. Tighten screw 1.

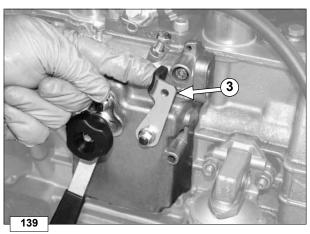


(STATIC) INJECTION TIMING

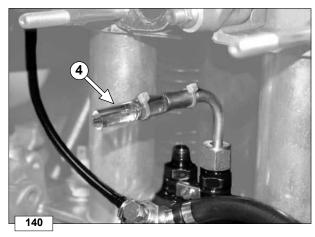
Injection static advance adjustment

- 1 Remove rocker arm covers and high-pressure pipes.
- 2 Select the cylinder on which the injection static advance check will be carried out.
- **3** Assemble the valve lowering tool (1460.285) by fastening it to the fixing holes of the rocker arm cover screws.
- 4 Before tightening the tool fixing screws, make sure that the dial indicator tracer is correctly placed on the intake valve collar.
- **5** Place the auxiliary tank at a higher height than the one of the injection pump (~30-40 cm).
- **6** Connect the tank to the injection pump fuel supply hole.
- 7 Slowly rotate the crankshaft clockwise keeping lever 1 lowered and the valve positioned on the piston crown, until the dial indicator 2 shows the maximum measurement.
- **8** Set the maximum measurement dial indicator to zero which is equivalent to the compression top dead centre.
- **9** Assemble the advance tester **4** (serial number 1460.024) on the injection pump delivery union of the cylinder corresponding to the one on which the valve lowering tool has been previously installed.
- 10 Rotate the crankshaft clockwise by approximately 45°.
- **11** Rotate the crankshaft alternately until the fuel leaks out from tester **4** with a certain pressure.
- **12** Position the stop lever **3** half a stroke so that the plunger delay mark is excluded and keep the lever in this position.







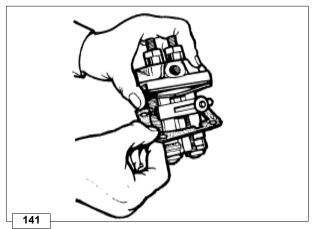


- **13** Turn the flywheel slowly and clockwise. Stop turning as soon as you notice that the fuel is moving inside tester **4**.
- **14** Move lever **1** again so as to lower the valve and bring it again in contact with the piston.
- **15** Measure the piston lowering value and bring it again in contact with the piston.
- **16** Convert the registered value from millimetres to degrees (see Table "Conversion for establishing advance").

Table "Conversion for establishing advance"

| Engine type | R.p.m. | Advance de- grees | Piston lowering value (mm) |
|--------------------|--------|----------------------|--|
| 9LD 625/2 | 3000 | 26°±1°* | 24° 4.94 25° 5.34 |
| 9LD 626/2 | 3000 | 20 11 | 26° 5.76 27° 6.21 |
| 9LD 625/2 EPA | 3000 | 17°±1°* | 15° 1.96 16° 2.22 17° 2.51 18° 2.81 |
| 9LD 625/2 CE NR | 3000 | 18°±1°* | 17° 2.51 18° 2.81 19° 3.12 |
| 9LD 626/2 CE NR | 2800 | 17°±1°* | 16° 2.22 17° 2.51 18° 2.81 |

* Check values.



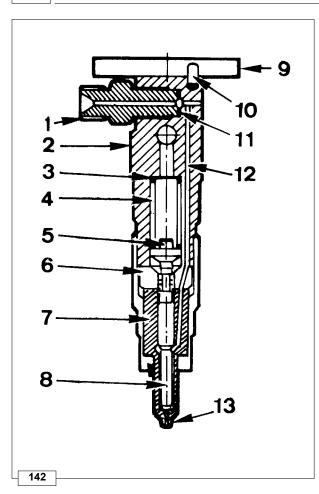
Injection advance adjustment

If the values indicated in the table do not correspond to the detected ones, follow the operations as written below:

- 1) Delayed Injection Advance: remove the shims under the pump until the detected value corresponds to the one indicated in the Table "Conversion for establishing advance"
- 2) Advanced Injection Advance: add shims under the pump until the detected value corresponds to the one indicated in the Table "Conversion for establishing advance".

Note: By removing or adding a 0.1 mm shim under the pump, it is possible to advance or delay the injection by about 1°.



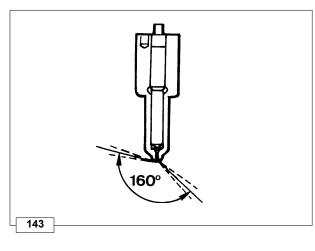


INJECTOR

Size S Injector, only for standard engines

Components:

- 1 Intake fitting
- 2 Nozzle holder
- 3 Shim
- 4 Spring
- **5** Pressure rod
- 6 Intermediate flange
- 7 Nozzle
- 8 Needle valve
- 9 Fixing flange
- 10 Taper pin
- 11 Gasket
- 12 System duct
- 13 Sump



Size S Nozzle, only for standard engines

Features:

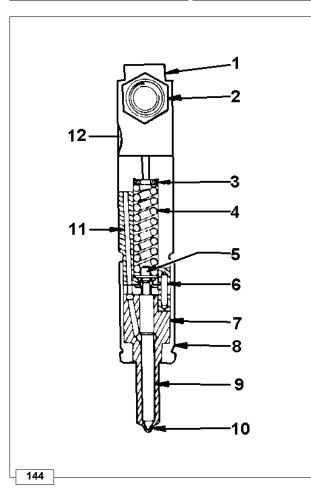
Clean nozzle tip with a brass brush.

Check that holes are not obstructed using a mandrel with steel wire with 0.28 mm diam.

O When refitting tighten ring nut at 60 Nm.

6

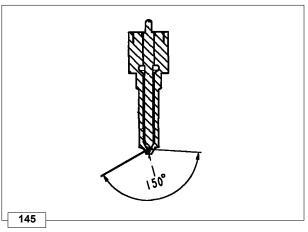




Size P injector, for 97/68 CE and EPA engines

Components:

- 1 Injector housing
- 2 Intake fitting
- 3 Shim
- 4 Spring
- 5 Pressure rod
- 6 Taper pin
- 7 Nozzle
- 8 Cup
- 9 Needle valve
- **10** Sump
- 11 System duct
- 12 Overflow pipe



Size P nozzle, for 97/68 CE and EPA engines

Features:

Hole number and diameter..... 5 x 0.23 mm.

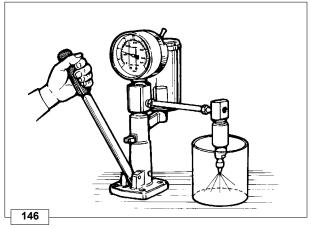
Jet angles150°.

Needle valve elevation 0.200 ÷ 0.205 mm

Clean nozzle tip with a brass brush.

Check that holes are not obstructed using a mandrel with steel wire with 0.23 mm diam.

O When refitting tighten ring nut at 42 ÷ 48 Nm.



Injector setting

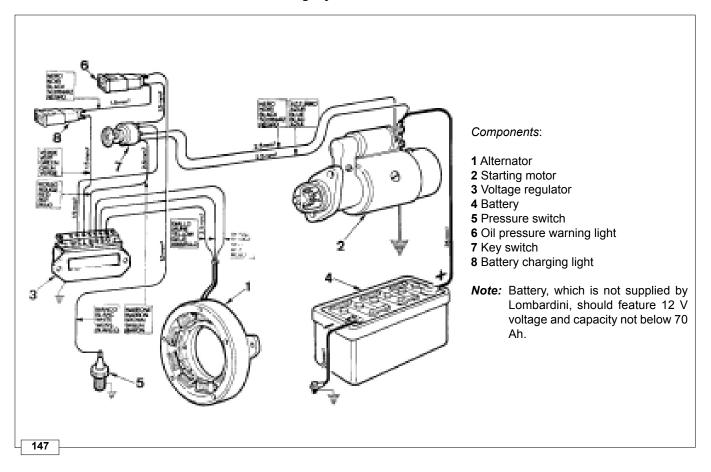
Connect the injector to a diesel injector calibration pump. Check needle valve sealing by slowly moving hand pump until

approximately 180 bar and maintain this pressure for 10 seconds. Chek that setting pressure is 210 ÷220 bar for standard engines (245 ÷ 230 bar for EPA e CE engines); make the required adjustments, if any, by modifying the adjusting shim height.

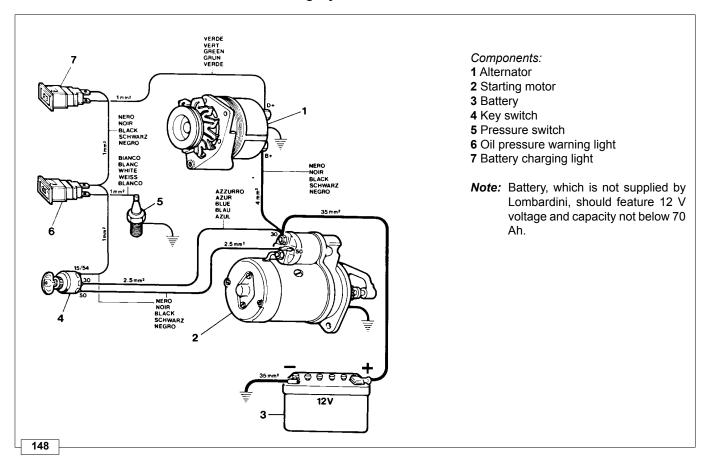
When replacing the spring, setting should be performed at a 10 bar greater pressure (255÷265 bar) to allow for bedding during operation. Replace nozzle in case of dripping.



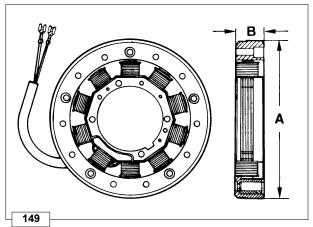
Electric starting layout with internal alternator



Electrical starting layout with external alternator







ALTERNATOR

Alternator - 12 V, 18A

Features a fixed armature winding mounted on the air shroud bracket. The rotating permanent magnet inductor is located in the fan spindle. Only the two yellow cables are at output.

Dimensions (mm):

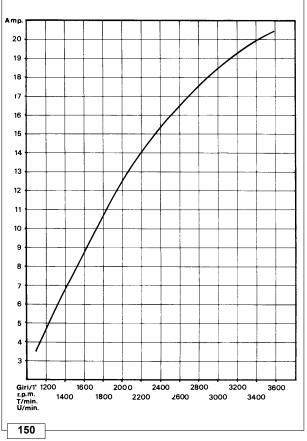
 $A = 158.80 \div 159.20$

 $B = 27.50 \div 27.90$

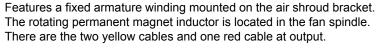
Note: Clearance between armature winding and inductor (air gap) must

b 0.48÷0.60 mm.

Alternator battery charger curve (12 V, 18 A) This curve is obtained at +25°C with 12.5 V battery voltage.



Alternator - 24 V, 6 A

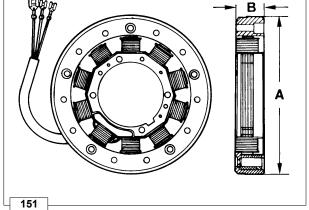


Dimensions (mm):

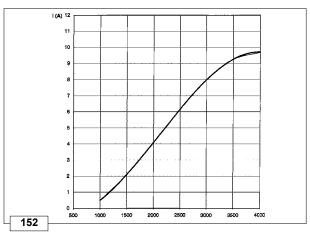
A = 158.80÷159.20

 $B = 27.50 \div 27.90$

Note: Clearance between armature winding and inductor (air gap) should be 0.48÷0.60 mm.

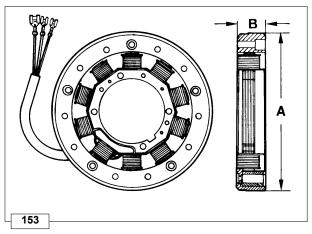






Alternator battery charger curve - 24 V, 6 A

The curve was obtained at room temperature of +20°C with 25 V battery voltage.



Alternator - 12 V, 14 A

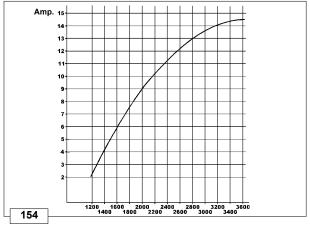
Features a fixed armature winding mounted on the air shroud bracket. The rotating permanent magnet inductor is located in the fan spindle. There are the two yellow cables and one red cable at output.

Dimensions (mm):

A = 158.80÷159.20

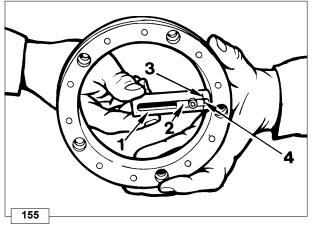
B = 27.50÷27.90

Note: Clearance between armature winding and inductor (air gap) should be 0.48÷0.60 mm.



Alternator battery charger curve standard - 12 V, 14 A

The curve was obtained at room temperature of +25°C with 12,5 V battery voltage.



Magnetization checking tool (Part No. 7000-9727-001)

Components:

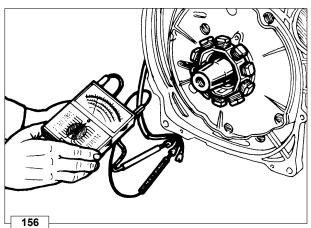
- 1 Casing
- 2 Slider
- 3 Casing reference line
- 4 Slider reference line

Rest the tool end horizontally onto the magnetic poles.

Hold slider so that its reference line coincides with the casing reference line.

Release slider: if no attraction occurs the rotor is demagnetized, in this case replace alternator.



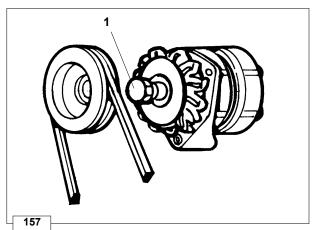


Checking for cable continuity

Check that stator windings have no unsoldered connections, burnt areas or grounded wires.

Using an ohmmeter check for continuity between the red cable and the two yellow ones.

Furthermore, check that they are insulated from the ground.

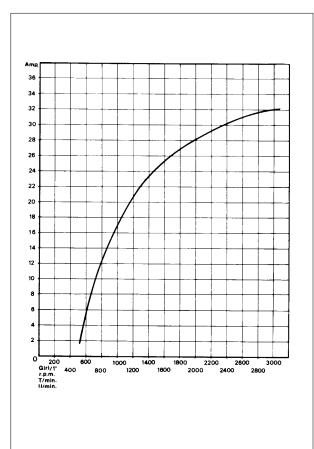


Alternator, external - 12 V, 33 A

The alternator is of the claw-pole rotor type with built-in voltage regulator. The rotating motion is conveyed by the engine through a "V" belt and sheave.

| Features: | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Rated voltage | 12V |
| Max. current | 33 A (at 7000 alternator r.p.m./min.). |
| RH direction of rotation. | |

• Tighten the nut 1 at a torque of 70 Nm.



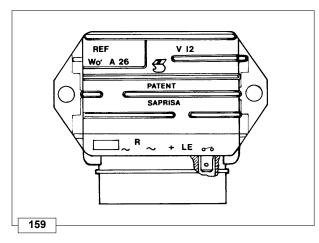
Alternator battery charger curve - external, 12 V, 33 A

The curve was obtained at room temperature of + 25°C. Battery terminal voltage is 12.5 V.

The r.p.m. shown on the table refers to the engine.

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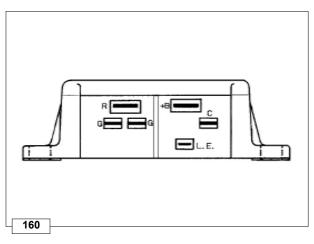




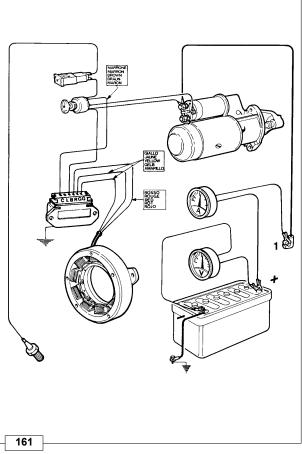
VOLTAGE REGULATOR

Type LOMBARDINI, supplied by SAPRISA and DUCATI: Voltage 12 V, max. current 26A.

| | Dimensions (mm) | | |
|-------------|-----------------|-----------|--|
| Connections | Width | Thickness | |
| ~ | 6.35 | 0.80 | |
| R | 9.50 | 1.12 | |
| + | 9.50 | 1.12 | |
| <u>L</u> E | 4.75 | 0.50 | |
| 0 0 | 6.35 | 0.80 | |



To avoid wrong connections 3 different sizes are supplied.



How to check voltage regulator for proper operation

- Check that connections correspond to the layout.
- Disconnect the terminal from the battery positive pole.
- Connect a d.c. voltmeter between the two battery poles.
- Fit an ammeter between the positive pole and the **B+** of the voltage regulator (corresponding to ref. **1** in the picture).
- Start a couple of times until battery voltage drops below 13 V.
- When battery voltage reaches 14.5 V the ammeter current suddenly drops down to almost zero.
- Replace regulator if recharge current is zero with voltage below 14V.

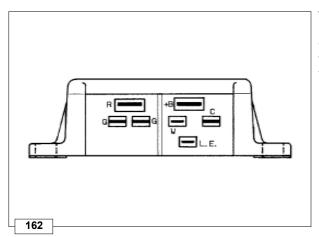


Caution - Warning

- When the engine is running do not disconnect battery cables or remove the key from the control panel.
- Keep regulator away from heat sources since temperatures above 75°C might damage it.
- No electric welding on engine or application.

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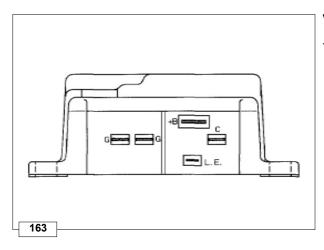




Voltage regulator - 12V, 26A, with "W" terminal

"W" pole tab: Width = 4,75 mm; Thickness= 0,5 mm.

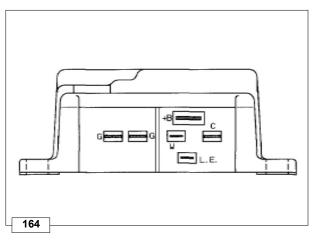
See page 70 for tag dimensions.



Voltage regulator - 12 V, 30 A

The voltage regulator is of the bridge type.

See page 70 for tag dimensions.

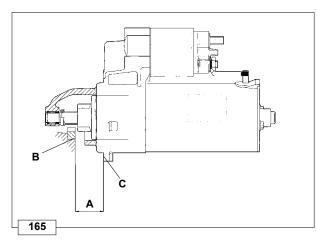


Voltage regulator - 12V, 30A, with "W" terminal

"W" pole tab: Width = 4,75 mm; Thickness= 0,5 mm.

See page 70 for tag dimensions.





STARTING MOTOR

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Important

- Made by MARELLI and BOSCH.
- Apply to their distributors for any type of repair.

Bosch starting motor type GIF - 12 V, 1.7 kW

RH direction of rotation.

- $A = 29.5 \div 31.5 \text{ mm}$
- B = Ring gear plane
- C = Flange plane



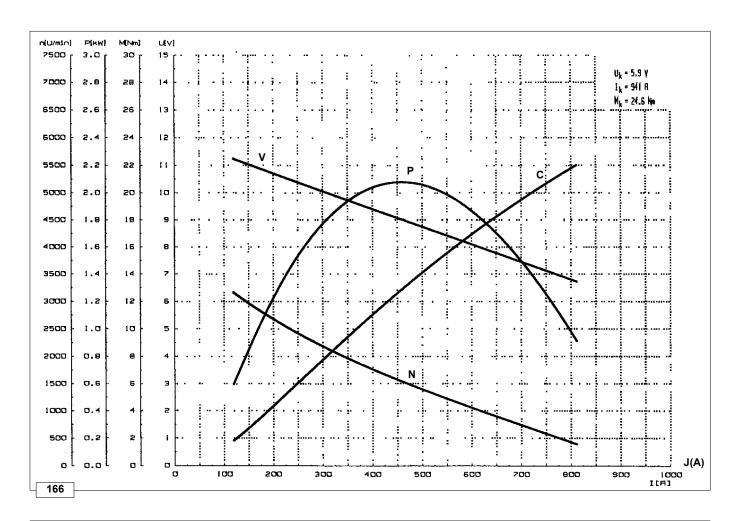
Caution - Warning

Flywheel should not project from ring gear plane B.

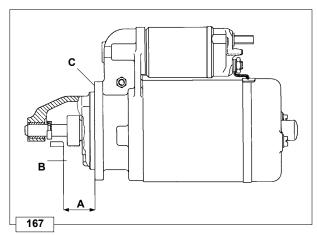
Characteristic curves for starting motor type Bosch - 12 V, 1.7 kW

Curves are obtained at room temperature of + 20°C with 66 Ah battery.

- **V** = Motor terminal voltage in Volt
- **P** = Power in kW
- C = Torque in N/m
- $\mathbf{N} = \text{Motor speed in r.p.m6}.$
- **J** (A) = Absorbed current in Ampere.







Starting motor type Bosch DW (R) 12 V, 1.7 kW

RH direction of rotation.

A = 29.5÷31.5 mm

B = Ring gear plane

C = Flange plane

Caution - Warning

Flywheel should not project from ring gear plane B.

Characteristic curves of the 24 V 1.6 kW starting motor

The curves have been measured at a 20°C temperature with an 88 Ah battery.

V = Voltage to the motor terminals in Volt

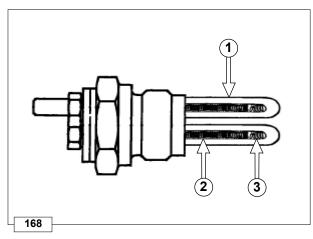
P = Power in kW

C = Torque in N/m

N = Motor speed in rpm

J (A) = Absorbed current in Amperes.





Pre-heating glow plug

Components: 1 Sheath

2 Regulation filament

3 Heating filament

• When remounting tighten at a torque of 20 Nm.

| Glow plug Type | 12 V | 24 V |
|-----------------|------|------|
| Nominal voltage | 12 V | 28 V |
| Current | 41 A | 13 A |

Note: The glow plug is not damaged in any way due to the prolonged activation time.



Reverse electromagnet - FIRE version

Features:

| Electromagnet type | 12 V | 24 V |
|-----------------------|--------|--------|
| Operating tension | 12 V | 24 V |
| Power coil absorption | 40 A | 20 A |
| Hold coil absorption | 0.63 A | 0.30 A |



- 1 Nut
- 2 Stud bolt
- 3 Flat washer
- 4 Screw
- 5 Spacer
- 6 Spherical joint
- 7 Electromagnet
- 8 Stop control lever
- 9 Axial joint
- 10 Stop control electromagnet support

Adjustment:

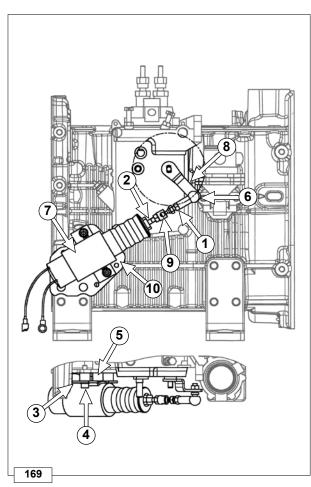
- Carry out the adjustments by screwing and unscrewing the joints.
- Adjust the device so as to make the electromagnet get to the end of the stroke before the STOP lever reaches its limit stop after performing the operation stroke.
- When the electromagnet is excited, put the stop lever at about 1.0
 1.5 mm from its limit stop.
- Once adjustment phase is completed, tighten nut 1.



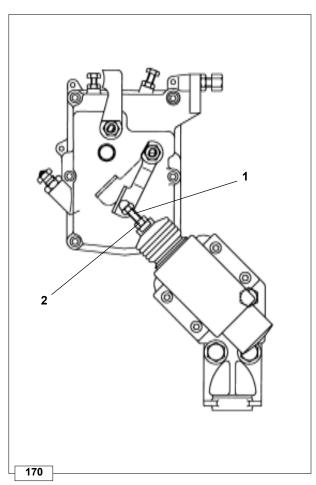
Important

The control cover should not present the return spring of the stop lever.

Remove the stop lever return spring without replacing the control cover if the device is applied to engines that were originally not equipped with it.







Direct stop electromagnet

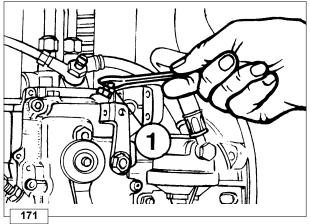
Features:

| Operating tension | 12V. |
|-----------------------|-------|
| Power coil absorption | 41 A. |
| Hold coil absorption | 0.5 A |

Setting:

- Screw drive rod **1** to the end of the thread on the electromagnet piston.
- Excite the electromagnet and leave the stop lever in normal operation position.
- Bring drive rod 1 in contact with the stop lever and tighten lock nut 2.





SPEED ADJUSTMENTS

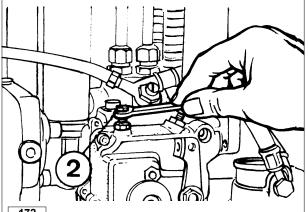
WARNING

- Adjustments should be carried out by Lombardini authorised personnel only.
- Any tampering with the adjustment immediately makes the warranty null and void.

Idling speed setting in no-load conditions

After filling with oil and fuel, start the engine and let it warm up for 10 minutes

Adjust idling speed at 1000÷1100 r.p.m. by turning setscrew 1; then tighten lock nut.

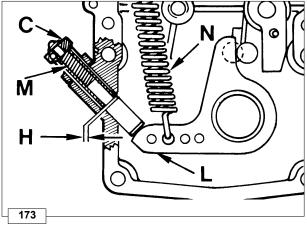


Full speed setting in no-load conditions (standard)

After setting idle speed turn screw **2** and set full speed in no-load conditions at 3200 r.p.m.; then tighten lock nut.

Note: When the engine reaches the pre-set power full speed stabilizes at 3000 r. p. m.

Not valid on EPA engines, on which it is not possible to modify the adjustment of the maximum.



INJECTION PUMP DELIVERY SETTING



Important

This adjustment must be performed with the engine connected to the dynamometric brake. Without this the regulation is approximate.

Injection pump delivery limiting and extra fuel device

Limiting device \boldsymbol{C} limits the injection pump maximum delivery.

It also acts as a torque setting device since spring ${\bf N}$ opposes the resistence of spring ${\bf M}$ inside the cylinder through lever ${\bf L}$.

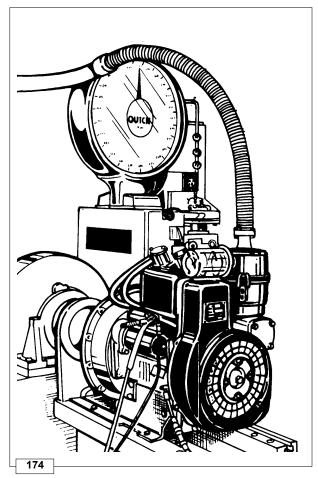
The torque setting device allows lever ${\bf L}$ to move over stroke ${\bf H}$ corresponding to 0.15÷0.25 mm.

This consequently increases injection pump delivery with torque reaching its peak value.

Note: In generator sets and power welders, the torque setting device acts as a delivery limiter only.

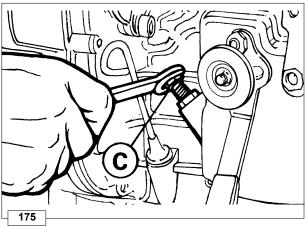
It therefore does not feature spring **M** or stroke **H**.





Injection pump delivery setting with dynamometric brake

- 1) Run the engine and bring it to the operating temperature.
- 2) Release the flow limiter screw C completely (see page 175).
- 3) Bring the engine to maximum rotation speed.
- **4)** Activate the dynamometric brake to bring the engine to the maximum speed.
- **5)** Check that fuel consumption is in line with the values given in the table "Specific fuel consumption".
 - If it is not in line with the indicated values, reduce the dynamometric brake load.
- 6) After a few operation minutes and when the engine has stabilized, slowly fasten screw C until the rotation speed starts decreasing.
- 7) Lock screw C using a lock nut.
- 8) Carry out the fuel consumption check again.
- **9)** Release the dynamometric brake and detect the rotation speed of the "stabilized" engine (maximum idle speed).
- **10)** Bring the engine to minimum idle speed. Carry out engine setting when the engine is "stabilized".
- 11) Switch off the engine and let it cool down.
- **12)** Check the valve/rocker arm clearance (see "Setting valve/rocker arm clearance").



Injection pump delivery setting without dynamometric brake

Loosen delivery limiting device C by 5 turns.

Bring engine to full speed in no-load conditions i.e. 3200 r.p.m.. Tighten limiting device until the engine shows a drop in r.p.m..

Unscrew limiting device ${\bf C}$ by 1 and $\frac{1}{2}$ turns. Tighten lock nut.

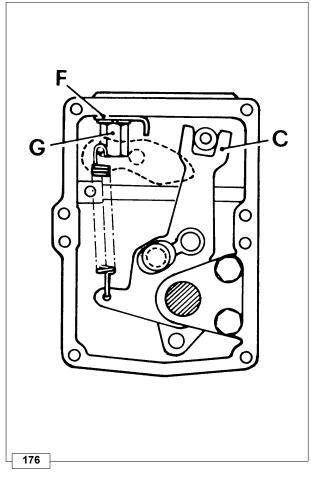
Note: If the engine, under full load, generates too much smoke tighten **C**; if no smoke is observed at the exhaust and the engine cannot reach its full power unscrew **C**.



Required settings (as most commonly applies)

| Engine | D. n. m. | Power HP | Specific fuel consump- tion * | | |
|------------------|----------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Engine | R.p.m. | (kW) | Time (sec) per 100 cm ³ | g/HP h (g/kW h) | |
| 9LD 625-2 | 3000 | NB 25.50 (18,80) | 60÷63 | 190÷200 (258÷272) | |
| 9LD 625-2 | 1800 | NB 18.50 (13.6) | 90÷95 | 171÷181 (233÷246) | |
| 9LD 625-2 | 1800 | NA 16.50 (12.13) | 104÷110 | 163÷173 (223÷235) | |
| 9LD 625-2 | 1500 | NB 14.80 (10.88) | 110÷116 | 175÷185 (239÷252) | |
| 9LD 625-2 | 1500 | NA 13.30 (9.78) | 125÷132 | 169÷178 (230÷243) | |
| 9LD 625-2 EPA | 3000 | NB 25.57 (18.80) | 60.5÷61.5 | 190÷194 259÷264 | |
| 9LD 625-2 CE | 3000 | NB 25.50 (18.80) | 59÷60 | 190 (258) | |

The indicated specific fuel consumption refers to the period following approximately 30 working hours.



Setting the stop limit stop

- 1) Remove the throttle lever cover.
- Completely turn lever C counter-clockwise and keep it in this position.
 Retainer F should not be in contact with lever C.
- 2) Unscrew nut G and bring retainer F in contact with lever C
- Push retainer F so that lever C is moved backwards clockwise by 1.0 mm.
- 4) Lock retainer F by screwing nut G

Note: In this condition, the limit stops of the injection pump adjustment rod will not be damaged by the violent impacts caused by the possible assembly of electrostop.

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ENGINE STORAGE

- When the engines are not for more than 6 months, they have to be protected performing the operations described in the following pages.
- If the engine is not to be used for extensive periods, check the storage area conditions and the type of packaging and make sure that these are suitable for correct storage.
 - If necessary, cover the engine with a proper protective sheet.
- Avoid storing the engine in direct contact with the ground, in environments that are humid and exposed to bad weather, near high voltage electric lines, etc.



Important

If, after the first 6 months, the engine is still not used, it is necessary to carry out a further measure to extend the protection period (see "Protective treatment").

PROTECTIVE TREATMENT

- 1 Pour in the engine housing AGIP RUSTIA C protective oil up to the maximum level.
- 2 Fill up with fuel containing 10% AGIP RUSTIA NT.
- 3 Start the engine and keep it idle at minimum speed for some minutes.
- 4 Bring the engine to \(^3\)4 of the maximum speed for 5\(^1\)10 minutes.
- **5** Turn off the engine.
- 6 Empty out completely the fuel tank.
- **7 -** Spray SAE 10W on the exhaust and intake manifolds.
- 8 Seal the exhaust and intake ducts to prevent foreign bodies from entering.
- **9 -** Thoroughly clean all external parts of the engine using suitable products.
- 10 Treat non-painted parts with protective products (AGIP RUSTIA NT).
- 11 Loosen the alternator/fan belt (if present).
- 12 Cover the engine with a proper protective sheet.



Caution - Warning

In countries in which AGIP products are not available, find an equivalent product (with specifications: MIL-L-21260C).



Important

Maximum every 24 months of inactivity, the engine must be started up by repeating all "Engine Storage" operations.



PREPARING THE ENGINE FOR OPERATION AFTER PROTECTIVE TREATMENT

After the storage period and before starting up the engine and preparing it for operation, you need to perform certain operations to ensure maximal efficiency conditions.

- 1 Remove the protective sheet.
- 2 Remove any sealing devices from the exhaust and intake ducts.
- 3 Use a cloth soaked in degreasing product to remove the protective treatment from the external parts.
- 5 Inject lubricating oil (no more than 2 cm3) into the intake ducts.
- 6 Adjust the alternator/fan belt tension (if present).
- 7 Turn the engine manually to check the correct movement and smoothness of the mechanical parts.
- 8 Refill the tank with fresh fuel.
- **9** Make sure that the oil is up to the maximum level.
- 10 Start the engine and after some minutes bring it to 3/4 of the maximum speed for 5-10 minutes.
- 11 Turn off the engine.
- 12 Remove the oil drain plug (see "Oil replacement") and discharge the AGIP RUSTIA NT protective oil while the engine is hot.
- 13 Pour new oil (see "Table of lubricants") up to the maximum level.
- 14 Replace the filters (air, oil, fuel) with original spare parts.



Caution - Warning

Over time, a number of engine components and lubricants lose their properties, so it is important considering whether they need replacing, also based on age (see Replacement table).



Important

Maximum every 24 months of inactivity, the engine must be started up by repeating all "Engine Storage" operations.



Table of tightening torques for the main components

| POSITION | Diam. and pitch (mm) | Torque (Nm) | Sealant |
|---|---------------------------|------------------|-------------|
| Vibration-damping tank support | - | - | Loctite 270 |
| Connecting rod | 8x1.0 | 40 | |
| Injection pump delivery valve union | 18x1.5 | 40 | |
| Rocker arm cover | 8x1.25 | 20 | |
| Center main bearing support | 8x1.25 | 25 | |
| Intake manifold | 8x1.25 | 25 | |
| Exhaust manifold | 8x1.25 | 25 | |
| Air shroud | 6x1.0 | 6 | |
| Accelerator cover | 6x1.0 | 10 | |
| Governor control cover | 6x1.0 | 10 | |
| Air conveyor shroud | 8x1.25 | 20 | |
| Alternator cable clamp | 6x1.0 | 10 | |
| High pressure fuel line clamp | 5x0.8 | 5 | |
| Air cleaner | 8x1.25 | 25 | |
| Hydraulic pump flange | 8x1.25 | 25 | |
| Air conveyor shroud gasket | - | | Loctite 495 |
| Head injector | 6x1.0 | 10 | Loctite 270 |
| Camshaft gear | 10x1.5 | 60 | |
| Oil pump gear | 10x1.5 | 35 | Loctite 270 |
| Air conveyor sheet | 6x1.0 | 10 | Loctite 242 |
| Internal oil filter pierced plate | 6x1.0 | 10 | |
| Breather sheet | 6x1.0 | 10 | |
| Starting motor | 10x1.5 | 45 | |
| Blower hub | 14x1.5 | 160 | |
| Nippl radiator | 14x1.5 | 40 | |
| Rocker arm shaft | 8x1.25 | 25 | |
| Injection pump control lever pivot | 8x1.25 | 15 | |
| Speed governor external control lever pivot | 8x1.25 | 10 | |
| External stop control lever pivot | 8x1.25 | 10 | |
| Governor spring lower lever pivot | 8x1.25 | 10 | |
| Gear cover plate | 8x1.25 | 25 | |
| Engine mounting foot | 10x1.5 | 40 | |
| Fuel feeding pump | 8x1.25 | 25 | |
| Injection pump | 8x1.25 | 25 | |
| Oil pump | 8x1.25 | 20 | |
| Nozzle holder | 6x1.0 | 10 | |
| Oil pan | 8x1.25 | 30 | |
| Oil pressure switch | 12x1.5 | 25 | |
| Starter motor fixing stud | 10x1.5 | 12 | Loctite 270 |
| Fuel lift pump fixing stud | 8x1.25 | 8÷10 | Loctite 270 |
| Cylinder head fixing stud | 10x1.5 | 15 | Loctite 270 |
| | 6x1.0 | 10 | Locate 270 |
| Cooling fan guard Starting pulley | 10x1.5 | 45 | + |
| Fuel filter union | 10x1.5 | 45 40 | 1 |
| | 14x1.5 10x1.0 | 12 | + |
| Fuel lift pump union | | 12 25 | + |
| High pressure fuel line union | 12x1.5 | | - |
| Fuel bleeding line union | 8x1.0 | 10 | + |
| Voltage regulator | 8x1.25 | 20 | + |
| R.p.m. counter driving gear | 5x0.8 | 5 | + |
| Main bearing support, gear case side | 8x1.25 | 30 | + |
| Main bearing support, flywheel side | 8x1.25 | 30 | + |
| Center main bearing support | 10x1.5 | 30 | |
| Air conveyor support | 8x1.25 | 25 | |
| Hydraulic pump gear support | 8x1.25 | 20 | + |
| Injection pump control lever support | 8x1.25 | 25 | 1 |
| Governor lever support (camshaft seal) | 8x1.25 | 25 | |
| Governor fork support | 8x1.25 | 25 | |



| POSITION | Diam. and pitch (mm) | Torque (Nm) | Sealant |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-------------|
| Fuel tank bracket | 8x1.25 | 30 | |
| Alternator stator | 5x0.8 | 7 | Loctite 242 |
| Crankase lubrification plug | 8x1.25 | 15 | |
| Oil drain plug | 14x1.5 | 40 | |
| Cylinder head | 10x1.5 | 55 | |
| Blower | 6x1.0 | 10 | Loctite 270 |
| Cooling fan hub fixing screw | 16x1.5 | 160 | Loctite 270 |
| Flywheel | 20x1.5 | 300 | |



Table of tightening torques for standard screws (coarse thread)

| | | | F | Resistance cla | iss (R) | | | |
|------------------------|-------|--------|-------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Quality/ Dimensions | 4.6 | 4.8 | 5.6 | 5.8 | 6.8 | 8.8 | 10.9 | 12.9 |
| Diamatan | R>400 | ON/mm² | R>500 | N/mm² | R>600N/mm ² | R>800N/mm ² | R>1000N/mm ² | R>1200N/mm ² |
| Diameter | Nm | Nm | Nm | Nm | Nm | Nm | Nm | Nm |
| M3 | 0,5 | 0,7 | 0,6 | 0,9 | 1 | 1,4 | 1,9 | 2,3 |
| M4 | 1,1 | 1,5 | 1,4 | 1,8 | 2,2 | 2,9 | 4,1 | 4,9 |
| M5 | 2,3 | 3 | 2,8 | 3,8 | 4,5 | 6 | 8,5 | 10 |
| M6 | 3,8 | 5 | 4,7 | 6,3 | 7,5 | 10 | 14 | 17 |
| M8 | 9,4 | 13 | 12 | 16 | 19 | 25 | 35 | 41 |
| M10 | 18 | 25 | 23 | 31 | 37 | 49 | 69 | 83 |
| M12 | 32 | 43 | 40 | 54 | 65 | 86 | 120 | 145 |
| M14 | 51 | 68 | 63 | 84 | 101 | 135 | 190 | 230 |
| M16 | 79 | 105 | 98 | 131 | 158 | 210 | 295 | 355 |
| M18 | 109 | 145 | 135 | 181 | 218 | 290 | 405 | 485 |
| M20 | 154 | 205 | 193 | 256 | 308 | 410 | 580 | 690 |
| M22 | 206 | 275 | 260 | 344 | 413 | 550 | 780 | 930 |
| M24 | 266 | 355 | 333 | 444 | 533 | 710 | 1000 | 1200 |
| M27 | 394 | 525 | 500 | 656 | 788 | 1050 | 1500 | 1800 |
| M30 | 544 | 725 | 680 | 906 | 1088 | 1450 | 2000 | 2400 |

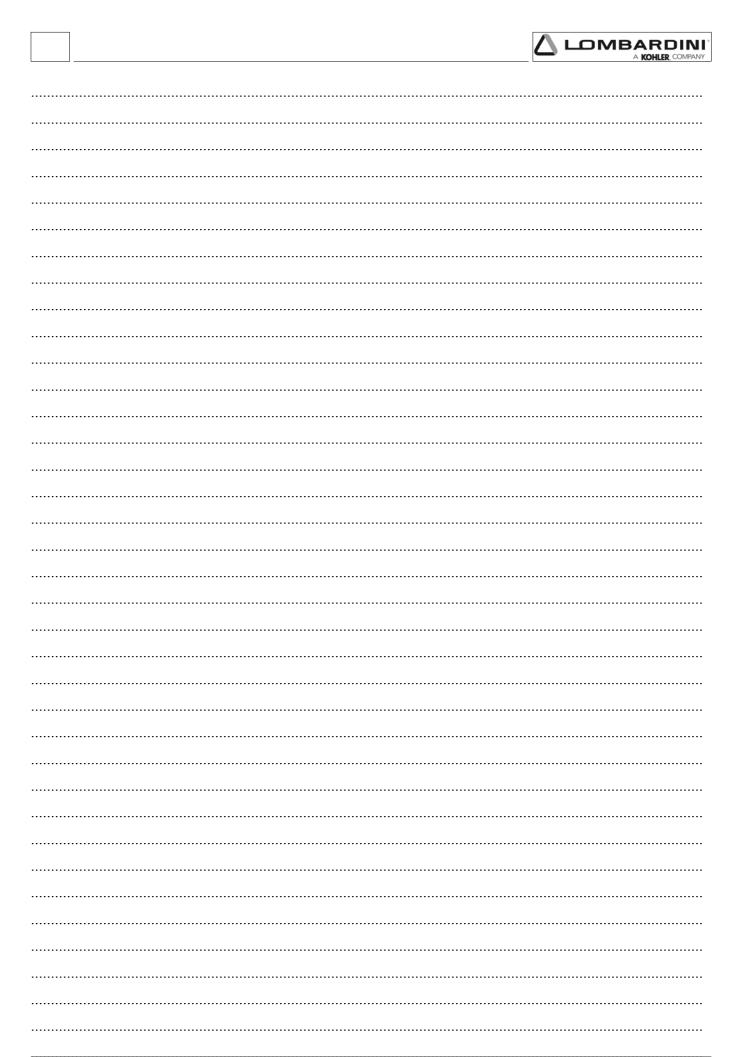
Table of tightening torques for standard screws (fine thread)

| | | | | Resistance cla | uss (P) | | | |
|------------------------|-------|--------|----------|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | | <i>F</i> | Tesisianice cia | 33 (<i>N)</i> | | | |
| Quality/ Dimensions | 4.6 | 4.8 | 5.6 | 5.8 | 6.8 | 8.8 | 10.9 | 12.9 |
| Diamatan | R>400 | ON/mm² | R>500 | N/mm² | R>600N/mm ² | R>800N/mm ² | R>1000N/mm ² | R>1200N/mm ² |
| Diameter | Nm | Nm | Nm | Nm | Nm | Nm | Nm | Nm |
| M 8x1 | 10 | 14 | 13 | 17 | 20 | 27 | 38 | 45 |
| M 10x1 | 21 | 28 | 26 | 35 | 42 | 56 | 79 | 95 |
| M 10x1,25 | 20 | 26 | 24 | 33 | 39 | 52 | 73 | 88 |
| M 12x1,25 | 36 | 48 | 45 | 59 | 71 | 95 | 135 | 160 |
| M 12x1,5 | 38 | 45 | 42 | 56 | 68 | 90 | 125 | 150 |
| M 14x1,5 | 56 | 75 | 70 | 94 | 113 | 150 | 210 | 250 |
| M 16x1,5 | 84 | 113 | 105 | 141 | 169 | 225 | 315 | 380 |
| M 18x1,5 | 122 | 163 | 153 | 203 | 244 | 325 | 460 | 550 |
| M 18x2 | 117 | 157 | 147 | 196 | 235 | 313 | 440 | 530 |
| M 20x1,5 | 173 | 230 | 213 | 288 | 345 | 460 | 640 | 770 |
| M 20x2 | 164 | 218 | 204 | 273 | 327 | 436 | 615 | 740 |
| M 22x1,5 | 229 | 305 | 287 | 381 | 458 | 610 | 860 | 1050 |
| M 24x2 | 293 | 390 | 367 | 488 | 585 | 780 | 1100 | 1300 |
| M 27x2 | 431 | 575 | 533 | 719 | 863 | 1150 | 1600 | 1950 |
| M 30x2 | 600 | 800 | 750 | 1000 | 1200 | 1600 | 2250 | 2700 |



Special tools and equipment for maintenance

| SPECIAL TOOLS | DESCIPTION | Part N°. |
|---------------------|---|----------------|
| | Valve lowering tool for static injection timing check 1 Spacers, h=40mm 2 Dial gauge indicator 3 Dial gauge extension | 1460 - 285 |
| | Static timing tool | 1460 - 024 |
| E - 3 | Tool for valve stem O-ring assembly | 1460 - 047 |
| | Flywheel puller | 1460 - 119 |
| | Timing control gear extractor fork | 7560-4000- 052 |



| LOMBARDINI' A KOHLER COMPANY | |
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9 LD Engine Series

cod. ED0053022860

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